

107TH AAPA ANNUAL CONVENTION

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A Snapshot of Shipping Today



Financial pressures on freight rates



Global trade
levels –
impacted by
external factors



More consolidation in the past two years than the past twenty



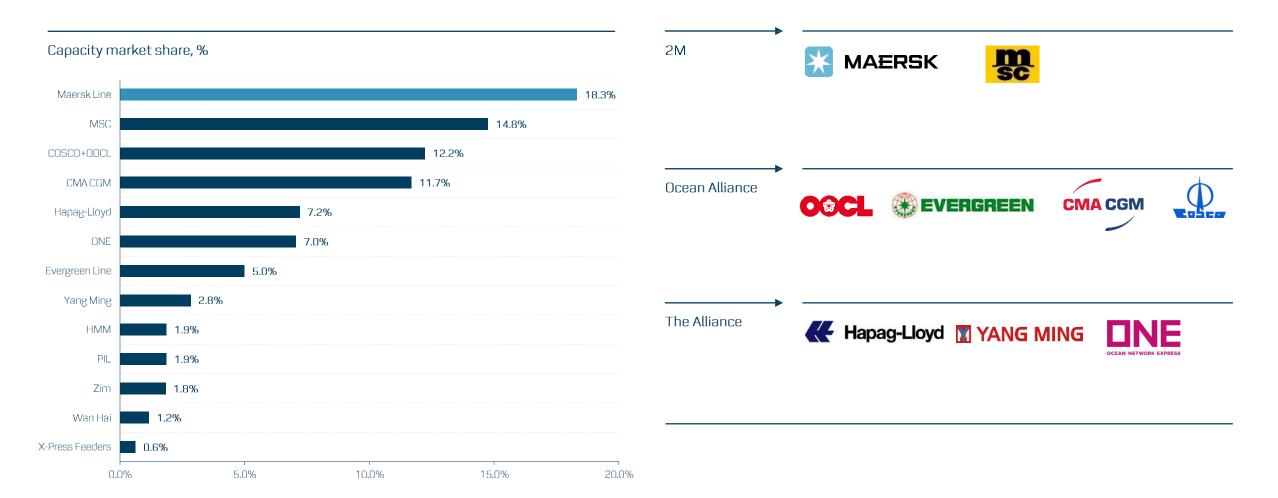
Increasing costs from sustainable shipping



Increased focus on the role of technology and digital in supply chains



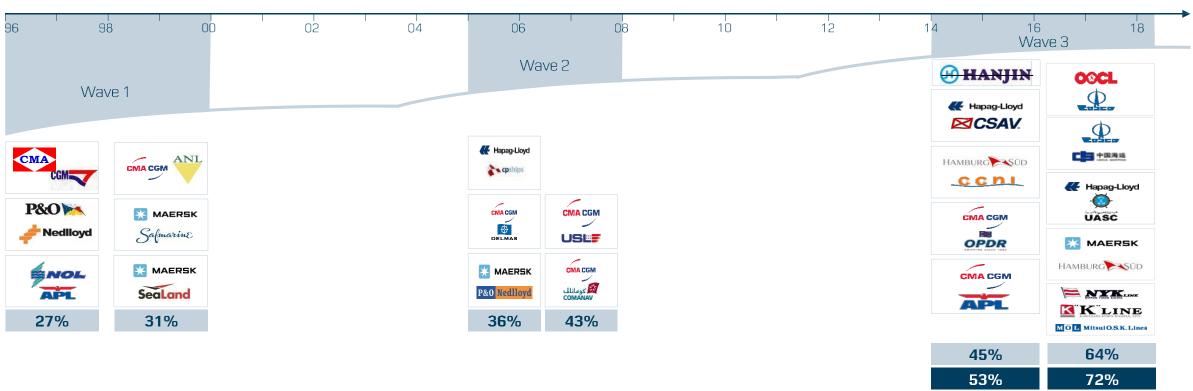
Industry moving towards more consolidation





Top 5 share is growing

Consolidation wave is rolling again – 8 top 20 players disappeared in the last 2 years

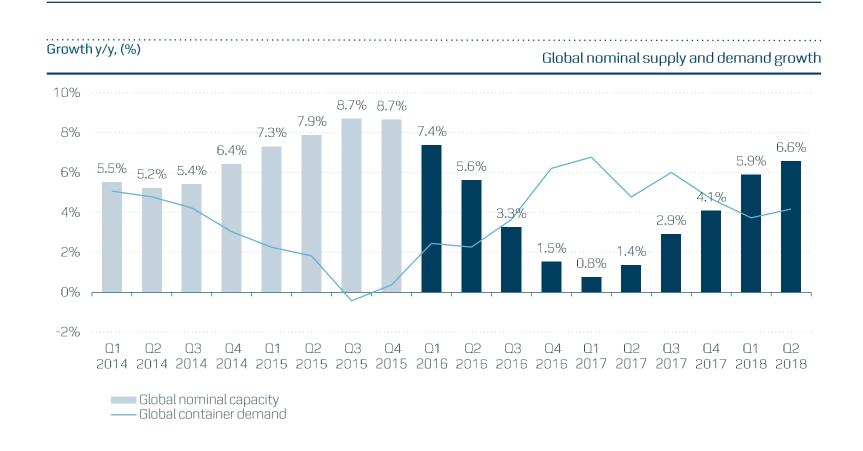


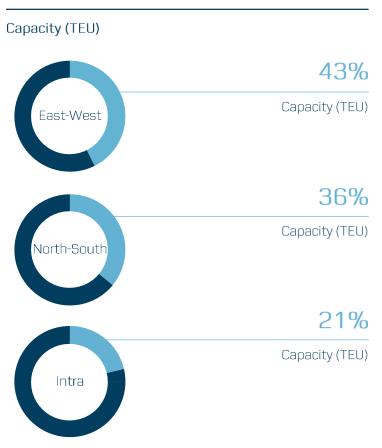
■ Top-5 market share ■ Top-5 market share longhaul trade

Note: Long haul trades defined as non-intra-regional trades. Source: Alphaliner.



Nominal supply growth increasing in Q2 2018

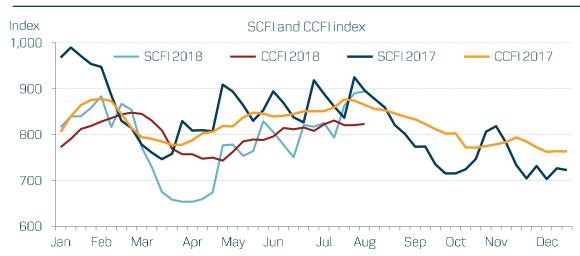




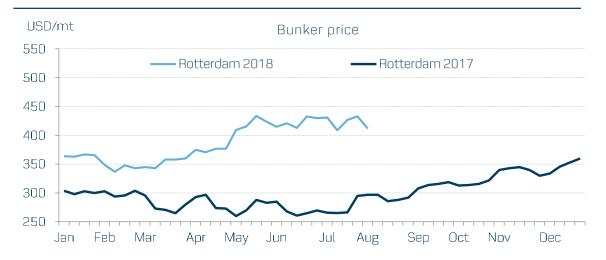


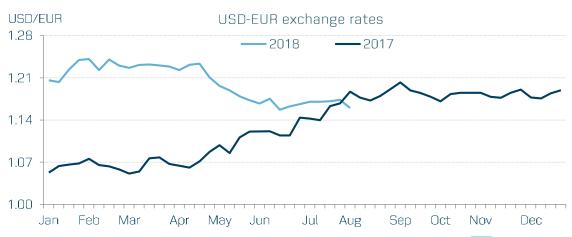
¹⁾ Global nominal capacity is deliveries minus scrapings 2) Q2 2018 is Maersk Line internal estimates where actual data is not available yet . Source: Alphaliner, Maersk

Headwinds from external factors in H2 2018



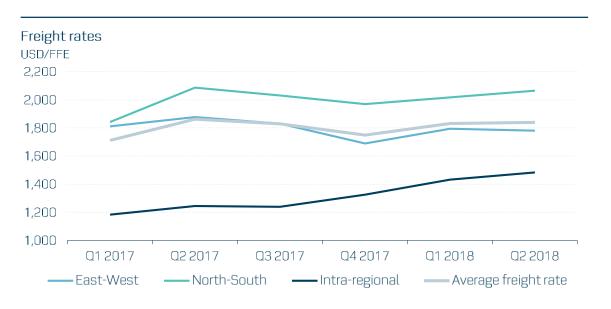








Freight rates in ocean down 1.2% compared with Q2 2017

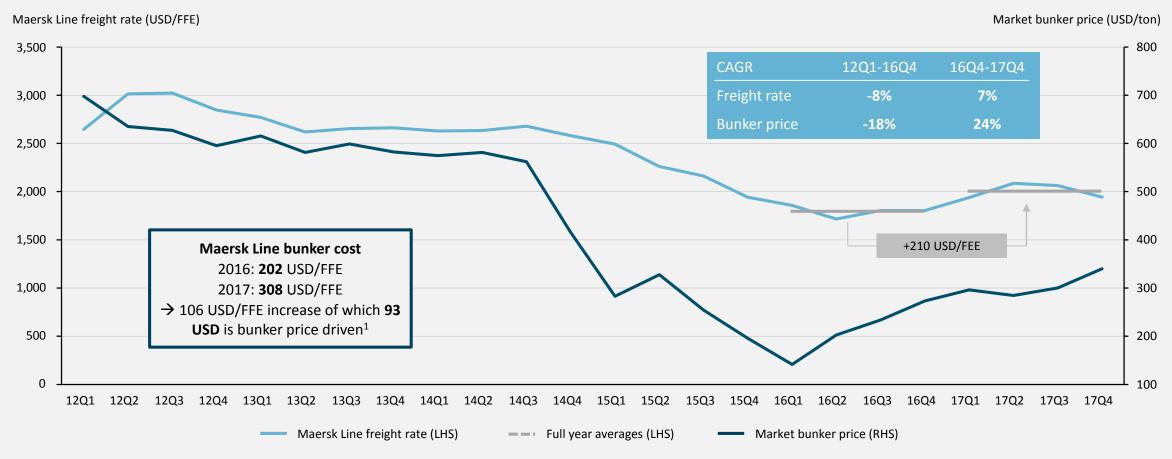




Average freight rate (USD/FFE)	Q1 2017	Q2 2017	03 2017	04 2017	Q1 2018	Q2 2018
East-West	1,813	1,878	1,831	1,691	1,796	1,782
North-South	1,843	2,087	2,031	1,970	2,018	2,065
Intra-regional	1,184	1,245	1,240	1,326	1,433	1,485
Average freight rate	1,713	1,863	1,829	1,750	1,832	1,840



Freight rates have been decreasing, but in 2017 they reversed also ahead of bunker cost



Note: (1) Rest is bunker consumption driven. Maersk Line freight rates excludes Hamburg Süd. Bunker price is 380cst Rotterdam Source: Maersk, Clarkson



Why digitisation – removing barriers to global trade



More than USD 4 trillion value of goods are shipped each year



Over 80% of international world trade is transported by sea



By reducing barriers within the international supply chain, global trade could increase by nearly 15%, boosting economies and creating jobs



Estimated costs to all parties in the supply chain arising from limited visibility and lack of standardisation averages one-fifth of the overall cost of goods

Blockchain technology

From Kenya to Europe, the travel of these documents looks like this:

Farm fills out Phytosanitary Certificate regarding cargo Freight forwarder fills out Certificate of Origin

Courier brings them for approval to the Mombassa Port authorities Courier brings them back to Nairobi for copying and archival

Original documents airfreighted to European Freight Forwarder











Courier transports them to a consulting company to prepare and package with other import related paperwork



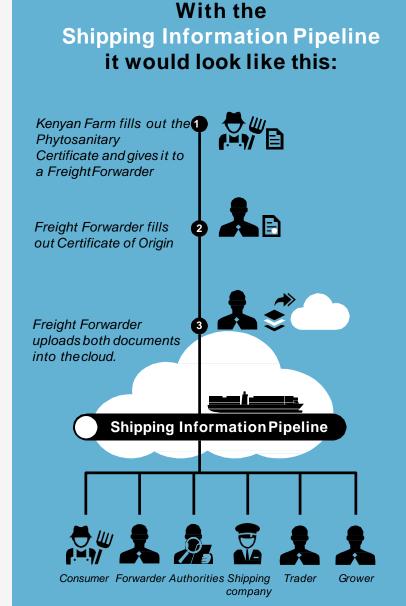
Courier that transports them to Antwerp port terminal gate



If documents are in order, a truck driver picks up the container



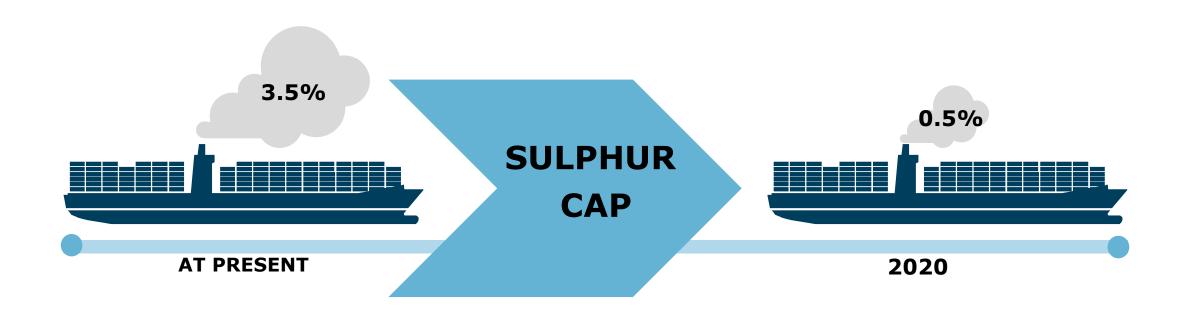
Transports it to a Dutch customs controlled area for phytosanitary inspect Documents in order? Container released to customer





IMO 2020 Regulations

As of 1st January 2020, new global regulation require all vessels to emit less sulphur particles from the fuel they burn. Whereas today the limit is **3.5%** sulphur, the new sulphur cap will be **0.5%**

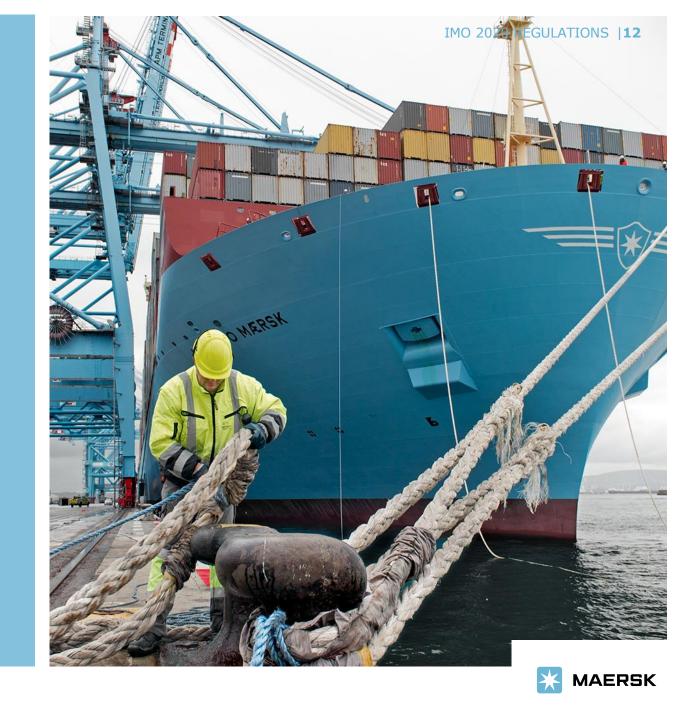






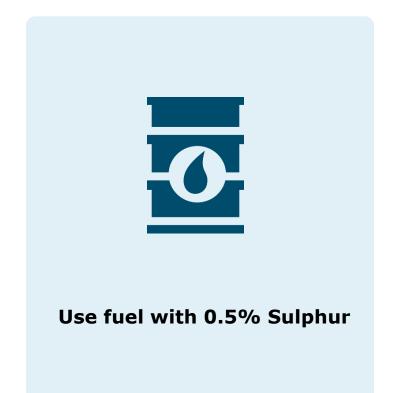
Helping the generations to come with the IMO 2020 regulations

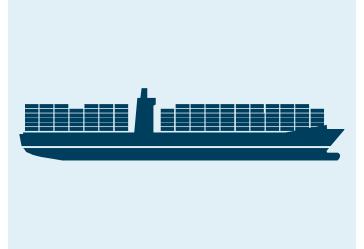
- Major health & environmental benefits from 80% reduction in sulphur pollution from shipping (particularly for people living near ports and coasts)
- Avoidance of premature deaths
- Reduction in childhood asthma cases



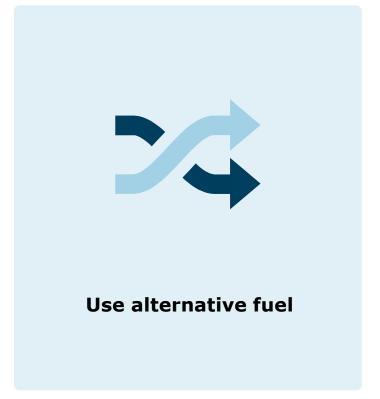
How can shipping lines comply?

THERE ARE THREE WAYS IN WHICH SHIPS CAN COMPLY WITH THE NEW RULES





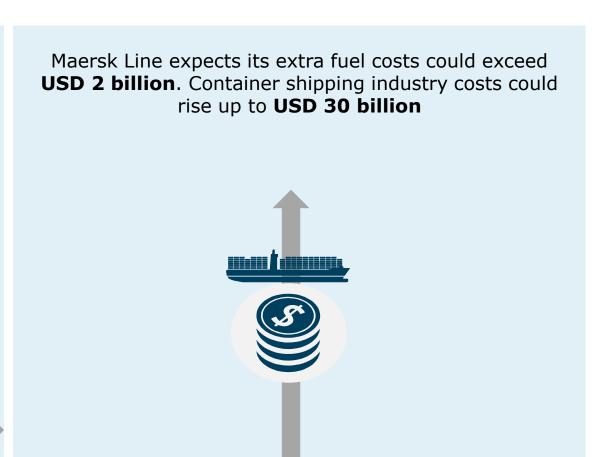






What does this mean for Maersk?

Around **90%** of the global fleet will comply by using **low-sulphur** fuel by 2020. This is also the case for **Maersk Line's fleet** 2020





What are we doing to prepare?

Maersk is looking into all possible and available options to comply with the 2020 sulphur cap, that is **compliant fuels, LNG, and scrubbers**



Various initiatives are being taken to secure compliant fuels through others own blending and storage capacities. Investments have been made in **scrubbers** for a limited number of vessels in our fleet of around **750 ships**

To enable customers to plan for 2020, Maersk has introduced a **fair, predictable surcharge** (BAF) to recover the extra costs



To ensure a level playing field, Maersk is advocating strong enforcement of the **new rules**





Our commitment to sustainable shipping: Enabling a low carbon future by low impact shipping

Since 2007, Maersk Line has reduced the CO₂ emissions per container transported by **43%** (as of 2017)



Maersk Line has set a bold 2020 target of reducing CO₂ emissions per container moved by **60%** (baseline 2007)



Innovation: A modern fleet, radical vessel upgrades, leading network efficiency and cutting-edge fleet performance management are key



