

US Army Corps of Engineers

TOOLS TO INVESTIGATE VESSEL WAKE EFFECTS AT USACE NAVIGATION PROJECTS

HARBORS & NAVIGATION COMMITTEE AND QPI MEETING April 8-9, 2019 American Association of Port Authorities

Richard Styles USACE, Engineer Research and Development Laboratory, Coastal and Hydraulics Laboratory











_

Outline

UNCLASSIFIED

Charleston Harbor Deepening Project Project scope Stakeholder concerns Approach Data collection efforts Year 1 results Wave height & vessel wake measurements Source of vessel wake by vessel type



US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

UNCLASSIFIED

Charleston Harbor Deepening Project (Post 45)

- Channel improvements to deepen navigation channel to accommodate Post-Panamax vessels
- Increase depth to 52 feet
- Completed Reconnaissance Phase in 2010
- Pre-construction phase end of 2015 (include ship simulation at ERDC)
- Authorized for construction December 2016
- Construction of the entrance channel is underway







US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

Stakeholders Concern with the Deepening Project

Programmatic Agreement

"The NPS and the South Carolina State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) have identified concerns about erosion and structural stability at Fort Sumter and believe that the proposed deepening of the navigation channels in Charleston Harbor may exacerbate existing erosion and stability problems at Fort Sumter"

"The NPS is concerned that sediment transport changes will result in: (1) increased erosion and deepening in the shallow near-shore areas in the vicinity of Fort Sumter and Fort Moultrie; and (2) potential effects on their long-term structural integrity."

Historical properties of concern: Ft. Sumter, Ft. Moultrie and Castle Pinckney



US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

Address Stakeholders Concerns

Programmatic Agreement Monitoring Requirements:

Field Data Collection Effort:

- 1. Monitor wave climate, vessel traffic, & vessel wake to generate a baseline to describe 'as is' conditions
- 2. Continue monitoring of waves, vessel wake, vessel traffic through the life of the agreement
- 3. Quarterly surveys to monitor shoreline change
- 4. Quarterly bathymetric surveys
- 5. Timeline: 1 year pre-construction and 5 years post construction

UNCLASSIFIED

Monitoring Locations – Instrumented Platforms



- Hog Island Range, N of Shutes Folly Island Sumter
 - Fort Sumter Range, Structure, SE of Fort W of Fort
 - Fort Moultrie Moultrie



US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

Platforms

Measurement	Ft. Sumter	Ft. Moultrie	Hog Isle Rng
Wind	\checkmark		
Waves	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Currents	\checkmark	\checkmark	✓
Photos	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark







7

US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

Quantifying the relative effect of vessel wake

Analysis & Metrics

- Magnitude of vessel wake versus wind waves
 - Is average vessel wake height gt. or It. wind waves? (distribution)
- Duration
 - How long is the shoreline exposed to vessel wake/wind waves?
- Wave conditions over threshold
 - Are the waves/vessel wake sufficient to re-suspend/mobilize sediment near the shoreline?

Considerations

How do the vessel wake and wind wave characteristics evolve overtime?

- 1. Seasonal differences
- 2. Changes related to vessel traffic patterns (pre, during, and post construction phases)

How do the vessel wake characteristics vary between vessel types?

1. Changes in vessel wake energy based on changes in channel usage

Develop software to extract vessel wake signature from water level records
Cross-reference with AIS (using CPT) to identify vessel type

Vessel Identification AIS



MMSI,NAME,LENGTH,BEAM,DRAUGHT,SHIP_AND_CARGO_TYPE,IMO_NUMBER,C ALL_SIGN,STATCODE5_CD,STATCODE5_DESC,,

205365000,COURCHEVILLE,165.66,26.53,11.74,81,8804725,ONBK,A11B2TG,Cargo, measurements in meters

205378000,EEKLO,179.01,27.36,11.62,80,9102198,ONBY,A11B2TG,LPG Tanker,,,"7s-cargo, container"

205460000,LIBRAMONT,180.01,29.2,10.4,81,9292761,ONCV,A11B2TG,LPG Tanker,,,8s-tankers

800

200

400

600

205463000,CMB BIWA,189.94,32.26,12.3,70,9267417,ONED,A21A2BC,Bulk Carrier,,, 205517000,CAP FELIX,274.2,48.03,17.02,80,9380738,ONFH,A13A2TV,Crude Oil Tanker,,,mmsi - marine merchant service indicator 205543000,EUPEN,179.92,27.43,11.13,81,9177806,ONCS,A11B2TG,LPG Tanker,,,

1000

ID vessel with AIS

- Determine vessel characteristics, beam, type, etc.
- ID vessel wake in water level record
- Cross-reference vessel/w wake signature

9



1200

Cross-Reference Vessel Wake with AIS July 7th, 2018 (Saturday after 4th of July)



Wave Height - 2018



- Average height of vessel wake is similar at all three locations
- Wind wave height is similar at Ft. Moultrie and Ft. Sumter
- Wind wave height at Hog Island Range is less than Ft. Sumter or Ft. Moultrie
- Average height of vessel wake is greater than average wind waves at all three locations

US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

Total Hours (2-week) with Waves Sufficient to Mobilize Sediment 2018



Ninety-five percent of the total hours of incoming waves are associated with the wind waves Ft. Sumter & Ft. Moultrie 80% at Hog Island Range

US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

Erosion Potential (wind waves vs vessel wake)



Wind waves account for 99% of the erosion potential at Ft. Sumter and Ft. Moultrie 80% of the time at Hog Island Range

US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

Hog Island Range

Aug Sep

Oct

Nov

Dec 2018

Mav

Jun Jul

Erosion Potential Sources Pre-construction Phase – Ft Sumter



US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

Erosion Potential Source Pre-construction Phase – Hog Island Range



US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

UNCLASSIFIED // FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Questions?



US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

UNCLASSIFIED // FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY



Bi-weekly Average Wave Height 2018





17

Summary

Preliminary results indicate that the baseline conditions show potential shoreline erosion is due primarily to wind waves in the lower harbor Vessel wake may be important in some instances, but the long-term effect of large Post Panamax vessels ????is as much as 7% above

US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

Erosion Potential Source (Mar-Apr) Pre-construction Phase – Ft. Moultrie



US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

CLASSIFICATION STATEMENT HERE

Wind





US Army Corps of Engineers • Engineer Research and Development Center

UNCLASSIFIED // FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

21

UNCLASSIFIED // FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

UNCLASSIFIED // FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

Vessel Wake Detection from Water Surface Elevation



Waves

Ft. Sumter and Ft. Moultrie are similar: Atlantic waves, tidally modulated.

Hog Island Range dominated by waves generated in the harbor. Smaller, higher frequency.





North Chelpeston Vetecanoper **Teugli**nal Leatloweran **Weaper** Middle Ravende Oghungeus Street Union Rebellipger Mount Release ant Rangert Sumter Rangearbor Sea **Byey**all Entrance



24

UNCLASSIFIED // FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY





