

SHORE POWER ALTERNATIVES AAPA ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE SEPTEMBER 17, 2015

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CARB SHORE POWER RULE



REGULATORY DEVELOPMENTS

- International Maritime
 Organization designated waters
 within 200 miles of North
 American Coast as Emissions
 Control Area
 - •<1% fuel sulfur beginning in 2012
 - •<0.1% fuel sulfur beginning in 2015
- California Air Resources Board's
 At-Berth Toxic Control Measure
 - Requires conversion to shore power or alternative control technology that achieve equivalent reductions to reduce NOx and PM10
 - Phased in starting January 2014
 - •Amendments scheduled for 2016



<u>Source</u>: California Air Resources Board, Shore Power Photos, http://www.arb.ca.gov/ports/sh orepower/photos/photos.htm

FLEET REQUIREMENTS FOR REDUCED ONBOARD POWER GENERATION

- One of two compliance options for the At-Berth Regulation
- Must adhere to the following requirements:
 - Auxiliary engine operating limits must be satisfied for a percentage of visits.
 - Power produced by auxiliary engines in the fleet must be reduced by a percentage.
 - If a vessel is equipped to use shore power and compatible shore power is available, the vessel must use shore power.

Start Date	Requirement	Compliance Period
1/1/2010	Shore-power equipped vessels that are part of an affected fleet must use shore power while visiting a compatible shore-power berth.	Applies at all times
1/1/2014	 50 percent of the fleet's visits to a port must be shore-power visits* Auxiliary engine power generated by the fleet must be reduced by 50 percent. 	Quarterly**
1/1/2017	 70 percent of the fleet's visits to a port must be shore-power visits* Auxiliary engine power generated by the fleet must be reduced by 70 percent. 	Quarterly**
1/1/2020	 80 percent of the fleet's visits to a port must be shore-power visits* Auxiliary engine power generated by the fleet must be 	Quarterly**

reduced by **80** percent.

RAMBOLL

EQUIVALENT EMISSIONS REDUCTION OPTION

- Under this option, a fleet may reduce emissions using vessel-side and shore-side control technologies, including grid-based shore power.
- Fleets can use any method of control, but must provide a detail description of the technology and emission testing information for the control of NOx and PM.
- Under the recent CARB Advisory, Option 1 fleets may use an alternative.
- ARB Must issue an Executive Order for the alternative technology

Start Date	Requirement	Compliance Period
1/1/2010	10 percent at-berth emission* reductions	Annual
1/1/2012	25 percent at-berth emission reductions	Annual
1/1/2014	50 percent at-berth emission reductions	Quarterly**
1/1/2017	70 percent at-berth emission reductions	Quarterly**
1/1/2020	80 percent at-berth emission reductions	Quarterly**



TERMINAL REQUIREMENTS

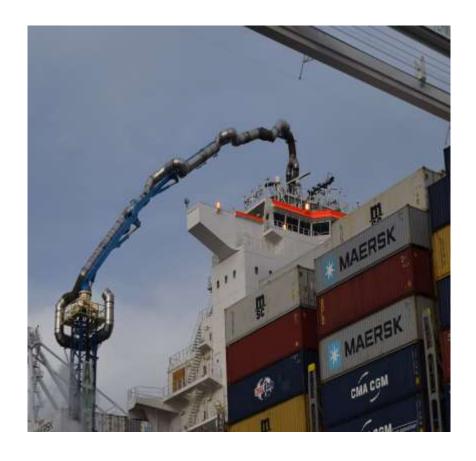
- •Submit Terminal Plan updates by July 1 in 2013, 2016, and 2019.
- Each terminal operator must keep the following records:
 - 1. Monthly utility bill for shore power use.
 - 2. Document electrical service interruption by the utility.
 - 3.Date, time, and description of equipment failure that affected fleet compliance with the At-Berth Regulation.
 - 4. Record of each vessel that did not operate its auxiliary engines while docked at the berth. The information includes the following for each visit:
 - A.Name of vessel.
 - B.Date and time each vessel was initially tied to the terminal.



PORT REQUIREMENTS

- •Each California port must provide wharfinger information by April 1 of each year for the previous year. At a minimum, the wharfinger information shall include for each vessel visiting the port:
 - 1. Name of the vessel.
 - 2. Vessel Type.
 - 3. Company operating the vessel.
 - 4.Lloyd's number for each vessel.
 - 5.Berth used by the vessel.
 - 6.Dates and time the vessel was initially tied to the berth and subsequently released from the berth.





AMECS SYSTEM AND STATUS



AMECS CONCEPT

- An alternative to shore power
- Does not require any modifications to the berth or the vessel
- Use proven emission control technology with a new system to connect to the vessel.
- •Initially tested on railroad locomotives,
- Then as a dockside installation
- Now installed on a barge to allow it to be used where needed



COOPERATIVE DEVELOPMENT EFFORT

















CONNECTION TO EXHAUST PIPES

- Now using a direct connect system
- Can connect to two stacks
- Vessels typically have more, but normally operate only 1 or 2 at a time
- •Uses a seal in combination with negative pressure to capture the emissions at ~100%



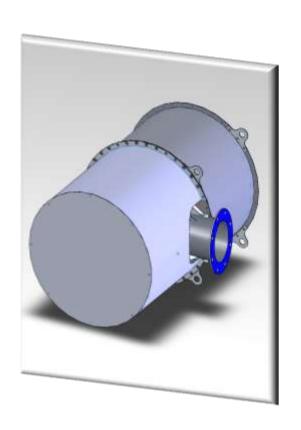
PM - 9 DIESEL PARTICULATE FILTERS (DPF)





PM -DIESEL PARTICULATE FILTER (DPF)

- AMECS 2 Replaced Pre-cool Chamber (PCC) & Three Cloud Chambers
- Same 95% PM removal efficiency
- 80% Less Energy
- 80% Less Maintenance
- No waste water
- 50% less footprint
- Already CARB approved





NO_x - SELECTIVE CATALYTIC REDUCTION

- •99% NO_x Removal Efficiency
- •650F gas stream converts injected urea to ammonia
- $\bullet NO_X$ & ammonia converted to harmless nitrogen and water vapor
- Spent catalyst sent to manufacturer for recycling



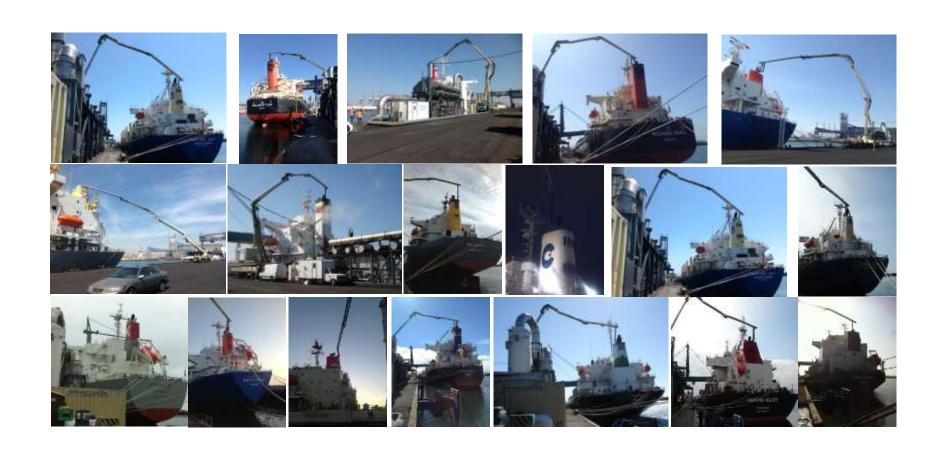
SO_X - PACKED-BED SCRUBBER

- Optional SOX Scrubber
- •99% removal efficiency
- Required for South Coast AQMD
- •Not for ARB Rule





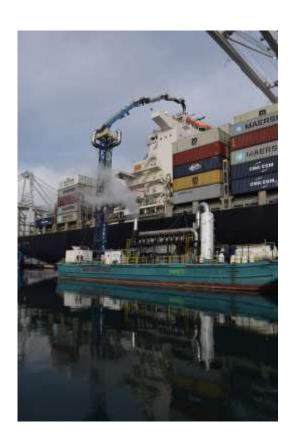
1200 HOUR SHORESIDE DURABILITY TEST





BARGE BASED AMECS

- Moved unit to a barge
- Using new remotely controlled crane
- Serves vessels from the side opposite the dock or at anchor
- Have operated over 300 hours on the barge





BARGE BASED AMECS

- Able to control vessels at anchor, not possible with shore power
- Significant benefit, particularly for situations such as occurred at PoLA / PoLB with up to 45 ships at anchor





AMECS STATUS

- Submitted test report to ARB Spring 2015
- ARB Reviewed, additional test data submitted September 2015
- Awaiting final Executive Order for the system, likely very soon
- One Executive Order issued to CAEMI
 - We understand that it will only be operated at TraPac in PoLA

