Essential Fish Habitat: An overview of the consultation requirement for the American Association of Port Authorities



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NOAA Fisheries' Mission

Stewardship of living marine resources through science-based conservation and management and the promotion of healthy ecosystems

Habitat Conservation Division

- Provide recommendations for <u>sequentially avoiding</u>, <u>minimizing</u>, <u>and offsetting adverse impacts</u> to NOAA-trust resources
- Conservation and enhancement of Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)
- Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act

Presentation overview:

Legislative Mandates

Defining EFH

Examples of Interagency
 Coordination on Port
 projects





Legislative Mandates

- Magnuson-StevensFishery Conservationand Management Act
- Federal Power Act and Energy Policy Act
- Deepwater Port Act
- Coral Reef Conservation Act
- Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act

- Clean Water Act
- Water Resources Development Act
- Anadromous Fish Conservation Act
- Atlantic Coastal FisheriesCooperative Management Act
- National Environmental Policy Act
- Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act

Magnuson-Stevens Act and the Essential Fish Habitat (EFH) Rule

- Consultation requirements for federal agencies when an adverse affect to EFH is proposed
 [50 CFR Part 600]
- Describe and identify EFH for each federally-managed fishery (through Fishery Management Councils)
- Encourage conservation and enhancement of EFH
- Congress defined EFH in the Magnuson-Stevens Act as "those waters and substrate necessary to fish for spawning, breeding, feeding, or growth to maturity" [16 U.S.C. 1802(10)]

Essential Fish Habitat

what is it, where is it found, and who designated it...







East Coast, Caribbean and Gulf Fishery Management Councils

Secretarial •Atlantic HMS (Tunas, Swordfish & Sharks) •Atlantic Billfish South •Spiny

Gulf of Mexico

- Spiny Lobster
- Coastal Migratory Pelagics
- Coral & Coral Reefs
- Stone Crab
- •Shrimp
- •Reef Fish Resources
- •Red Drum

New England

- •Monkfish
- Multispecies
- Sea Scallops
- Atlantic
- Salmon
- Atlantic
- Herring

Mid-Atlantic

- •Mackerel, Squid, Butterfish
- Surf Clam & Ocean Quahog
- Atlantic Bluefish
- •Summer Flounder, Scup & Black Sea Bass
- Dogfish

South Atlantic

- •Spiny Lobster
- Coastal Migratory Pelagics
- Snapper-Grouper
- •Red Drum
- Coral, Live/Hard Bottom
- Shrimp
- Golden Crab
- •Dolphin/Wahoo
- Calico Scallop
- Sargassum



Caribbean

- Queen Conch
- •Corals, Plants and Invertebrates
- Spiny Lobster
- Caribbean Reef Fish

South Atlantic FMC EFH Amendment

EFH Categories:

- Palustrine & estuarine emergent wetlands
- Mangroves
- Coral & Live Bottoms
- Seagrass & Algal flats
- Oyster reefs
- Intertidal & Mud Flats
- Sargassum
- Estuarine & marine water column

HAPC Categories:

- Coral & Hard Bottoms
- Mangroves & Seagrass
- Worm Reefs
- Biscayne & FL Bays
- Grays Reef NMS
- Bogue Sound
- Charleston Bump
- Oculina Bank



EFH Consultation Process

Federal
Action
proposed
that may
adversely
affect
EFH

Corps Public Notice...30 days NEPA EIS/EA.....45-60 days EFH Assessment...30-60 days

NOAA Fisheries provides EFH
Conservation
Recommendations (CRs) to
Federal Action Agency

Federal Action Agency has 30 days to provide a written response

Action agency adopts CRs and provides 10-day letter NOAA Fisheries responds within 10 days

or

Action agency does not adopt and sends substantive response as a 10-day letter NOAA Fisheries responds within 10 days

or

Action agency provides interim response and proceeds to one of the two above actions

Process continues until EFH consultation requirement satisfied

Clean Water Act, §404

- 404(b)(1) guidelines require sequential avoidance, minimization and compensation for impacts to Waters of the U.S.
- 404(q) elevation of permits
 - Water Resources Development Act
 - Aquatic Resources of National Importance (oyster, hard clam, skipjack tuna, blue crab, swordfish, Atlantic menhaden, striped bass, hickory shad, shortnose sturgeon, etc.)



Example #1: Port Everglades

Outer Entrance Channel



Port Everglades Expansion Project

- Outer Entrance Channel Reef Impacts
- Interagency/StakeholderWorking Group
- Other EFH challenges









Photos by Vladimir Kosmynin

Example #2: Key West Harbor Dredging Project

- Key Players
- Entire FKNMS is an HAPC
- EFH challenges and accomplishments
- Resource health and sedimentation monitoring
- Working Group

Example #3: Charleston Harbor Port Terminal

- Close coordination with the Corps, FWS and South Carolina DNR
- Resolved mitigation issues
- Oyster habitat creation and marsh restoration

Remember: Marine ecosystems maintain the fisheries, protect our coasts, and provide recreation for all of us. Please protect them!



Photo by: Juan L. Torres, Carlos Pacheco, Lisamarie Carrubba y Efra Figueroa

Questions?

