

International Association of Ports & Harbors World Ports Climate Initiative (WPCI) Update

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Alliance of the Ports of Canada, the Caribbean, Latin America and the United States 98th AAPA Annual Convention 25-29 October 2009







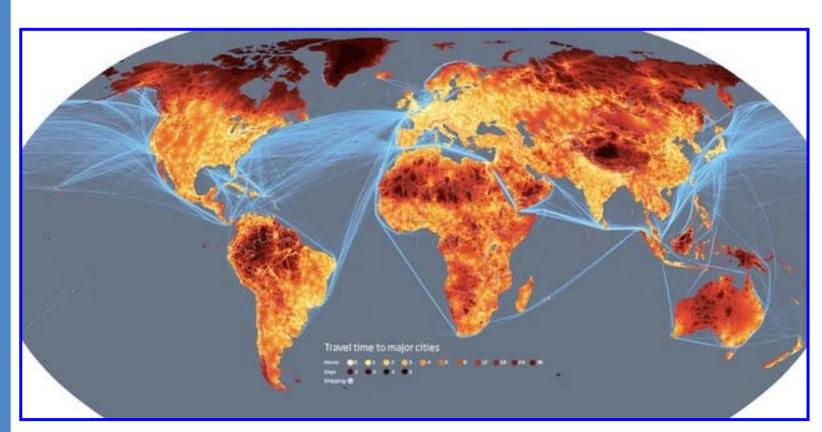


WPCI - Overview

- ➤ Background
- **>** Updates

- **▶** Communication
- ➤ Carbon Footprinting

► Invitation to Participate





WPCI Genesis

Background

- ➤ Houston May 2007 IAPH Resolution: Clean Air Program
- ➤ Dunkirk April 2008 IAPH Resolution: Support for Climate Challenges
- ➤ Rotterdam July 2008 C40 World Port Climate Conference: World Ports Climate Declaration
- Los Angeles November 2008 IAPH Port Environment Committee Symposium: World Port Climate Initiative is Formed



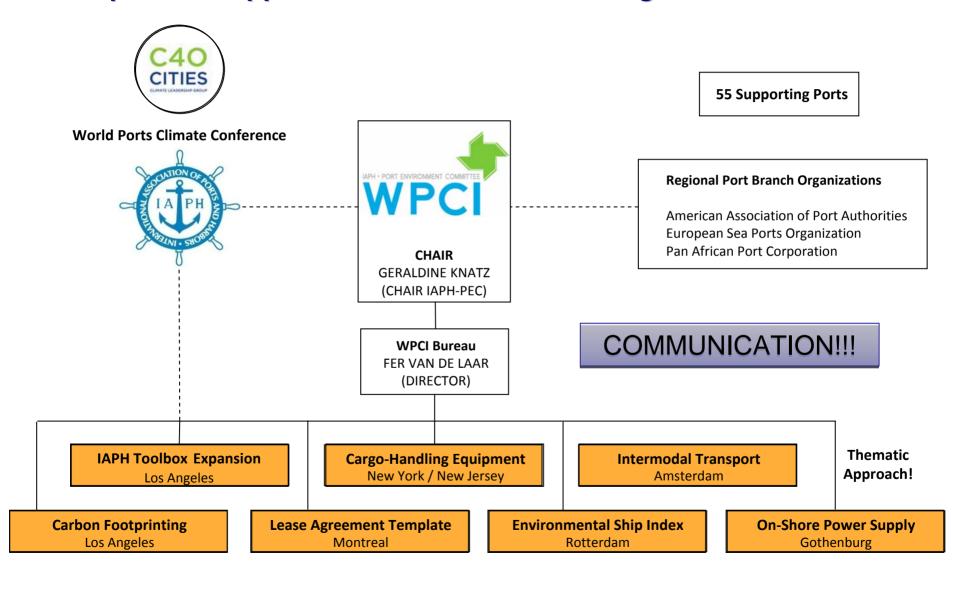
World Ports Climate Initiative Mission Statement

- ➤ Raise Awareness in the Port & Maritime Community of Need for Action
- ➤ Initiate Studies, Strategies, & Actions to Reduce GHG Emissions & Improve Air Quality
- ➤ Provide a Platform for the Maritime Port Sector for the Exchange of Information
- ➤ Make Available Information on the Effects of Climate Change on the Maritime Port Environment & Measures for its Mitigation



WPCI Organization & Themes

Cooperative Approaches to Climate Challenges





Setting Goals for WPCICooperative Approaches to Climate Challenges

- Increase the number of WPCI supporting ports from its original 55 (75 by mid year 2010 ?)
- Enlarge the number of projects (with project leaders)
- > Set up and implement communication structure
- Maximize the number of WPCI ports engaged in CO2footprint inventory and management
- Maximize the support for Environmental Ship Indexing, when established (ports, shipping lines, shippers, service providers)
- Organize global support from regional and global organizations



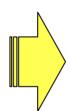
PORT ENVIRONMENT COMMITT

Information Exchange & Communications



What

- News/facts on ports & climate change
- Detailed results& guidance on projects
- WPCI Progress
- IAPHConferences &WPCI Meetingsfor Ports



Tool

www.wpci.nl

- IAPH / WPCI webpage
- IAPH Expanded Tool Box

iaphworldports.org



- IAPH members
- WPCI supporting ports
- Port community& stakeholdersat large









www.wpci.nl



iaphworldports.org



Expanded Toolbox Update

- ➤ Green Technologies
- Emission Reduction Strategies
- What Worked/What Didn't





This Tool Box is constructed with two main sections: air quality and greenhouse g

on the main page. The additional tab. "Integration," describes how and when st co-benefits; strategies that accomplish the goals of both subjects. Links embed

Greenhouse Gasses: International Context an

Other Multi-National, Municipal, and Maritime Related Partnershi

Climate change is now commonly identified as one of the most urgent and crit

International GHG Reduction Initiatives and Partnerships

toolbox also provide a path for understanding co-benefits

Introduction: Reaching a Global Consensus

Introduction: Reaching a Global Consensus

Introduction

Greenhouse Gases

Integration

Air Pollutant Reduction Strategies in Clean Air Plans and Their Effect on Greenhouse

IAPH TOOL BOX FOR PORT CLEAN AIR PROGRAMS Improving Air Quality While Promoting Business Development

A Reference Guide provided by the International Association of Ports and Harbors (IAPH)

GHG Co-Benefits from Air Pollutant Reduction Strategies

Priority Pollutants

This Tool Box is constructed with two main sections; air quality and greenhouse gases. These topics are accessible from tabs on the main page. The additional tab, "Integration," describes how and when strategies from each of the toolboxes create co-benefits: strategies that accomplish the goals of both subjects. Links embedded among many of the strategies in each toolbox also provide a path for understanding co-benefits

Integration

Air Pollutant Reduction Strategies in Clean Air Plans and Their Effect on Greenhouse Gases

Many strategies to reduce emissions under Port clean air plans also affect emissions of greenhouse gases (GHGs). Often, the effect is to decrease the amount of GHGs emitted in addition to reducing air pollutant emissions. These are referred to as strategies that have "co-benefits." In some cases, however, clean-air strategies may result in an increase to GHGs, either directly from the operation, or indirectly through increased energy or material use – a "co-disbenefit." This section of the toolbox describes general circumstances leading to co-benefits and disbenefits to GHG emissions that arise from implementation of air pollution reduction strategies.

Because they are more common, and desirable, this section focuses on co-benefits. It begins with a general discussion of circumstances leading to co-benefits and follows with a description of four general clean air strategies that also have distinct GHG benefits. Brief discussions of co-disbenefits and cases where benefits may be uncertain are included in some of the co-benefit discussions. For a quick-reference, all of the strategies listed in the Air Pollutant Toolbox have been put into a table at the end of this section that succinctly describes their effect, if any, on GHG emissions

GHG Co-Benefits from Air Pollutant Reduction Strategies

discussions about appropriate national and international policies to combat th Although air pollution reduction strategies are primarily designed to achieve reductions in diesel emissions and other toxic focuses on the design of a post-2012 dimate regime. Under the Kyoto Protoco ARThough air pollution reduction st emissions of six greenhouse gases by an average of 5.2 per cent below 1990 levels between 2006 and 2012. The architecture

of the global dimate regime for the post-2012 period is very uncertain, with a number of possible policy frameworks under



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Introduction

About The Toolbox Navigating the Tool Box

Welcome to the International Association of Ports and Harbors (IAI of this Tool Box is to provide ports, both members and non meml the planning process for addressing port-related air quality and di

like air quality and dimate change that are complex and evolvin-issues and their relationship to port and maritime activities. Ba: reduce emissions and guidance on how to develop a Clean Air Pr repowering older engines, applying effective technologies for eff deaner fuels in maritime operations will dramatically reduce air po bold strategies will improve local air quality, safeguard public he

Every port in every country has different needs and capabilities. I inspire, and inform your internal discussions about what course of Box and join other ports around the world in seeking solutions to t

The mission of the WPCI is to:

In prior years, this Tool Box has dealt primarily with the reduct ever, with the increased concern for the effects of global din additional tools focusing on greenhouse gas (GHG) mitigation.

initiate studies, strategies and actions to reduce GHG emissions and improve air quality

In April 2008, the IAPH requested its Port Environment Committee, a mechanism for assisting the ports in mitigating dimate change. Through this request, in July 2008 a group of 55 ports from all over the world adopted the Col World Ports. Silmate Declaration to work together to reduce the threat of global dimate change. This group is now known as the World Ports Climate change. This group is now known as the World Ports Climate initiative (WPC).

provide a platform for the marktime port sector for the exchange of information thereon
 make available information on the effects of dimate change on the marktime port environment and measures for its

Introduction

A Call to Action

well as local and regiona fully along the network be

industrialized countries. This is certainly the case now in the United States, where "new chapter" on climate change saying "Few challenges facing America — and th dimate change." The Fourth Assessment Report (AR4) of the Intergovernmhandling equipment, harb confirmed that human actions are changing the earth's climate and creating in ecosystems. This overwhelming scientific consensus has further galvanized indu these intermodal hubs adjacent to port marin of whom were already signatories to the Kyoto Climate Protocol. With strong international consensus in place concerning the mechanisms behin ource categories, with

development and discussion

ions have been industries on how to address these issues on both the local and ternational fronts. This has resulted in the adoption of a resolution on Clean Air Programs for Ports at the 25th World Port Conference in on , Texas on 4 May 2007 in which the Members of IAPH hav

Introduction

colbox also provide a path for understanding co-benefits

CLIMATE CHANGE PROJECT FORUM





Carbon Footprinting Guidance Document **Update**

- Started in February at 2009 IAPH Naples Annual Meeting
- Designed to be User Friendly Guidance for Broad Range of Port Experience with Greenhouse Gases
- Monthly Meetings to Develop & Review Guidance
- Collaborative Effort
- To Be Rolled-Out at the IAPH Hamburg Regional Meeting
- Available Through WPCI Website



Carbon Footprinting Theme Guidance Document Workgroup Update











Port of Amsterdam















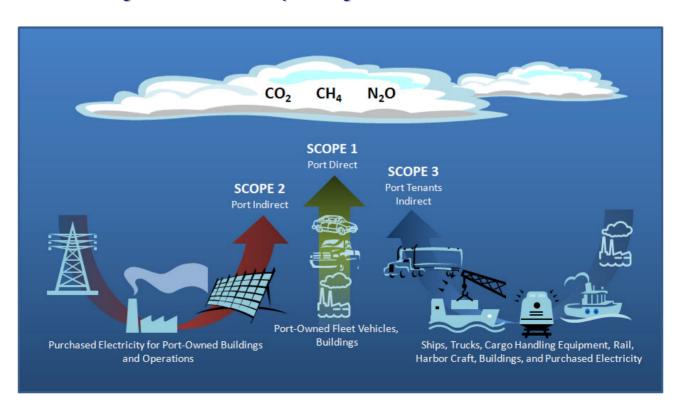




Carbon Footprinting Workgroup

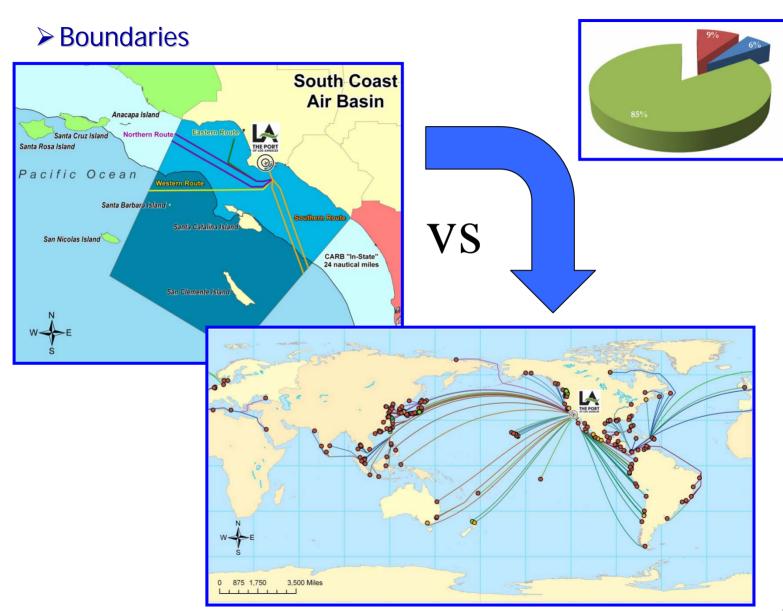
The Footprint is Not What You Leave After Walking Through the Coal Mine

- ➤ Port-Related GHG Emission Sources Scopes
- ➤ Inventory Approaches: Activity vs Surrogate vs Hybrid
- ➤ Inventory Boundaries
- ➤ Inventory Period, Frequency and Baseline Year





Carbon Footprinting Workgroup





WPCI Update Upcoming Hamburg Meeting

- ➤ IAPH is Dedicating One Day to WPCI Theme Progress Update
 - ✓ Carbon Footprinting (Port of Los Angeles)
 - ✓ Environmental Ship Index (Port of Rotterdam)
 - ✓ On-Shore Power Supply (Port of Gothenburg)
 - ✓ Intermodal Transport (Port of Amsterdam)
- Meeting November 2009







Where's the Western Hemisphere? If You're Not at the Table, You're on the Menu!



- Current Participants
- Opportunity to Provide Input/Influence Process Before Someone Else Prescribes Action
- Strongly Encourage AAPA Member Ports to Join & Actively Participate





Contact Information



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