FEDERAL FUNDING OF DREDGED MATERIAL PLACEMENT AREAS.

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BRIEF HISTORY

•Confined placement of dredged material has increased due to increasing environmental concerns and Federal and State regulations.

•Before WRDA 96 Federal funding for dredged material placement areas was mixed depending on project authorization— some 100% Federal and others 100% non-Federal.

•Funding for placement areas for maintenance of Great Lakes was Federal under Section 123 of the 1970 River and harbor and Flood Control Act .

•WRDA 96 imposed Federal/Non-Federal cost sharing for all new or modified placement areas.

FEDERAL COST SHARING FOR PLACEMNT AREAS

- Channels 20 feet or less 80% Federal
- •Channels > 20 feet to 45 feet 65% Federal
- •Channels > 45 feet 40% Federal
- Lands, easements, rights of way and relocations (LERR's) non-Federal
- 10 percent of non-Federal share can be financed over up to 30 years

FEDERAL COST SHARING FOR PLACEMNT AREAS (Continued)

- Credit for LERR's against 10 percent financed share
- Operation and maintenance of disposal area Federal

PROCESS FOR FEDERAL PARTICIPATION IN DREDGED MATERIAL PLACEMENT AREA

- Dredged Material Disposal Plan approved by Division Engineer – Federal O&M
- Project Partnership Agreement Executed
- Budgeting for Federal share Construction General by project
- Appropriation

OTHER FUNDING OPTIONS

•Non-Federal construction or Combination of Non-Federal and Federal – Credit or Payment – New WRDA 2007 – Section 2005 – Same process

 Non-Federal construction with Federal payment through a cost shared tipping or placement fee – Recovery of the Federal share over time – Non-Federal financing – Same process

•Beneficial use of dredged material –environmental, flood control, shore protection – cost sharing in incremental cost over least cost alternative – generally 65/35 Federal/Non-Federal – Requires specific Congressional authorization or limited permanent authority –Section 204 of WRDA 92