



#### **AAPA Latin America Ports Congress**

22-24 June 2011 JW Marriott Lima, Peru

## Position and Consolidation of the WCSA Hub – Vision and Geostrategic Analysis



#### **Main Topics**





- Economic growth looking fairly healthy
- Shifting trade patterns
- ► WCSA HUB Which will it be?
- Better Logistics performing like an orchestra





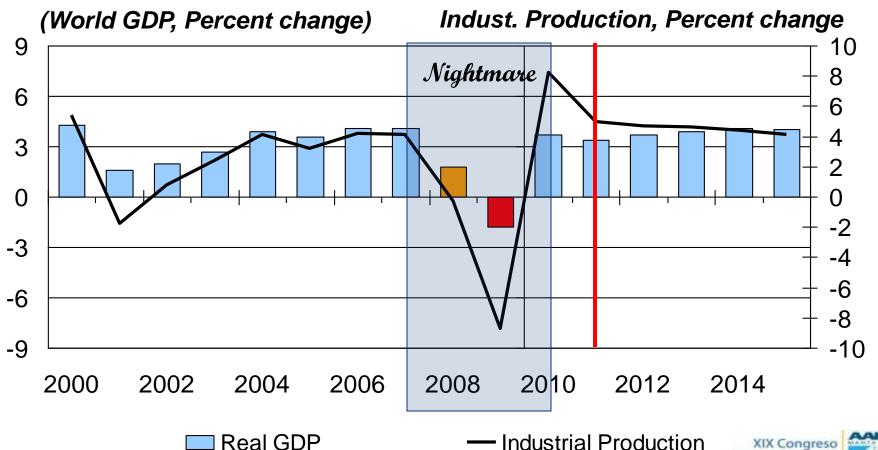
#### A Personal Announcement





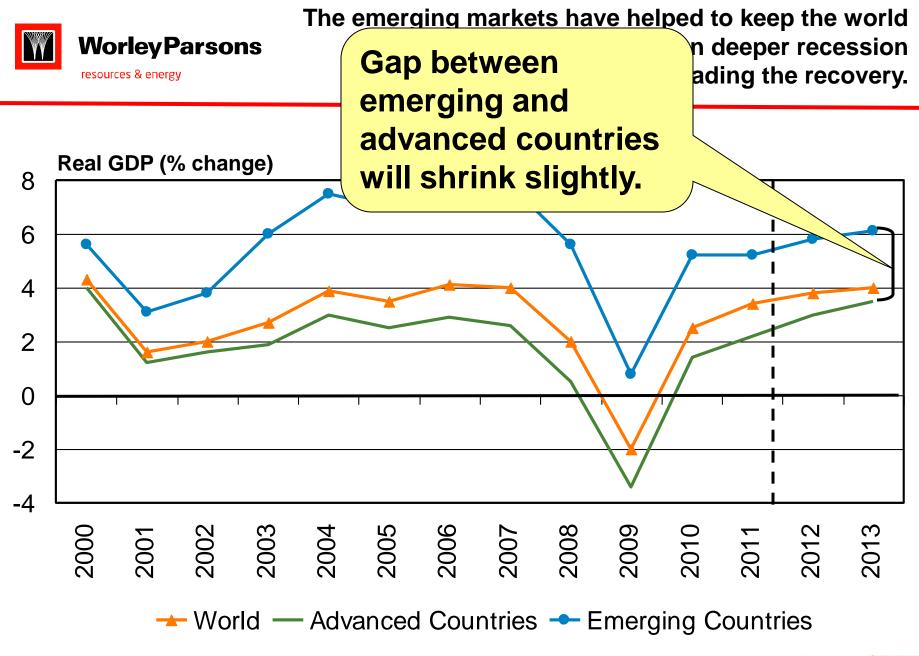
## The World Economy is still recovering from the nightmare of 2008-09

Cargo trade demand reflects more volatile industrial production



Source: IHS Global Insight

XIX Congreso Latinoamericano de Puertos



Source: Global Insight, Worley Parsons

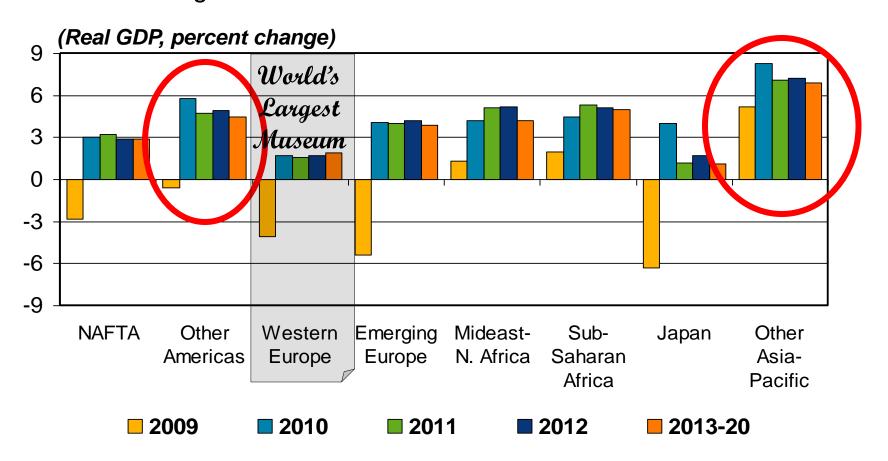
US > Europe, Japan





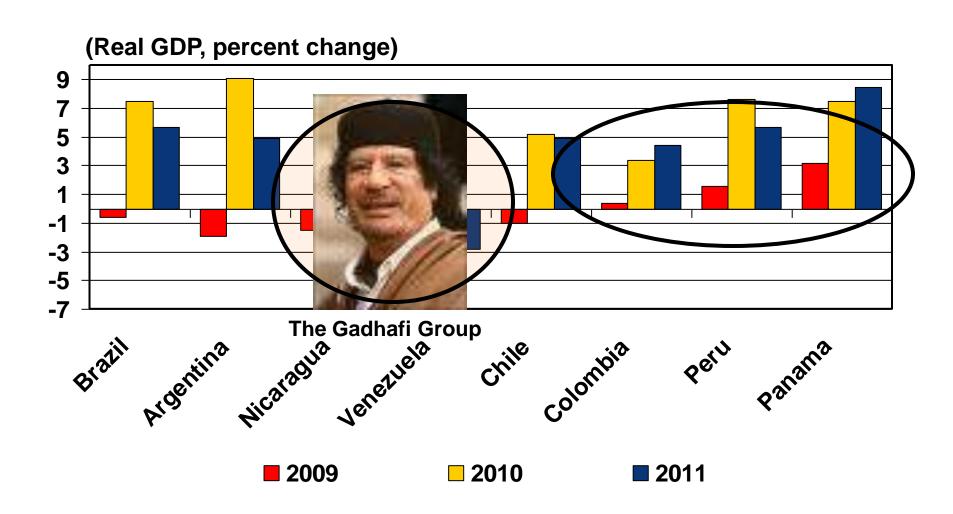
# GDP growth rate differences affect the pace of trade growth and volumes by trade partner route

Geography of production / consumption is changing as emerging markets grow 6% on average over the next decade vs. 2.3% for advanced countries.





## In Latin America, most countries are expected to have solid economic growth in 2011.







## World trade depends on the strength of the global economy

#### The World Economic Outlook is for **Continued Recovery**

- ► The U.S. economy has gained some strength still bumpy but will grow <u>faster than Europe</u> or Japan in 2011
- Emerging markets will slow a little, but still grow much more rapidly than the developed countries
- Commodity prices are increasing inflation will not be a problem in developed economies (there is still lots of slack), but are a growing concern in the emerging market countries
- Interest rates will remain low in the developed countries for a while longer, but keep rising in the big developing countries

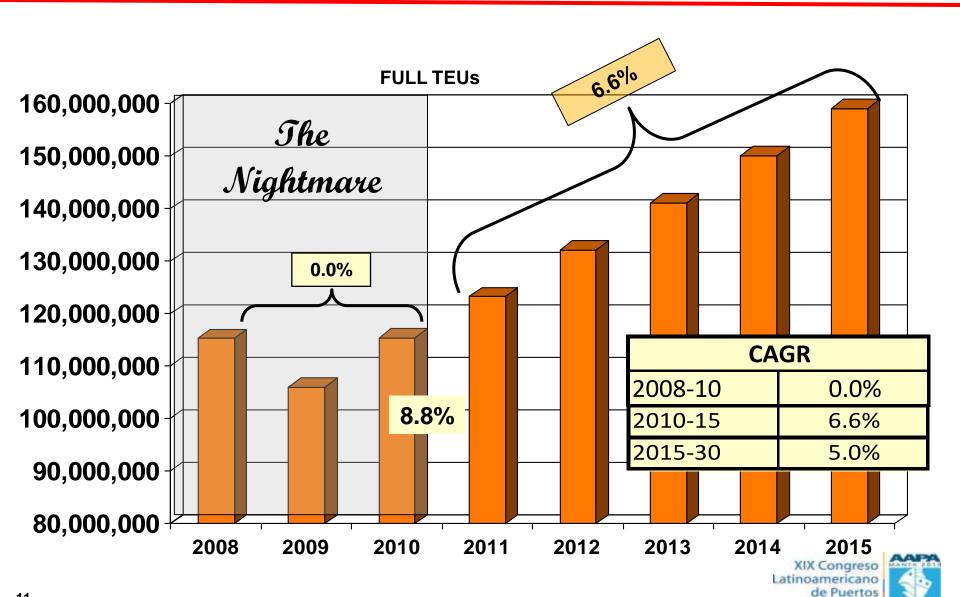


**Shifting Trade Patterns** 





World TEUs will exceed the 2008 numbers this year. However, the years of double digit growth ('03, '04, '06) are not to be seen again.





#### **Ocean Container Trade Outlook**

- ► Asia North America container TEU volume growth in 2011 of 8.8% eastbound and 9.1 % westbound is forecasted\*.
- ► New big ships are going into Asia-Europe trades with displaced ships moving onto other routes such as N. America. With declining vessel utilization, new capacity has seen transpacific and Asia-Europe spot container rates fall 40 % 50 % or more since the 2010 peak.
- ▶ Redeployment of large container vessels, 'cascading' onto North South routes and into other services will add supply, and with reduced load factors will continue to provide pressure for containerization of additional trade.
- ► This supply pressure in the containership sector will continue as the orderbook of new containerships for delivery still represents over 25% of world containership capacity already operating.





Moderate size, dynamic governments open to foreign investment, looking for free trade agreements, building on an "export model"

Colombia
Indonesia
Vietnam
Egypt
Turkey
South Africa







#### **Colombia - China has the money**







Colombia

China

#### A new railway in Colombia?

- China has increased world trade volumes
  - Now China intends to change the <u>logistics</u>, too
  - Lower import costs
  - Improved logisites

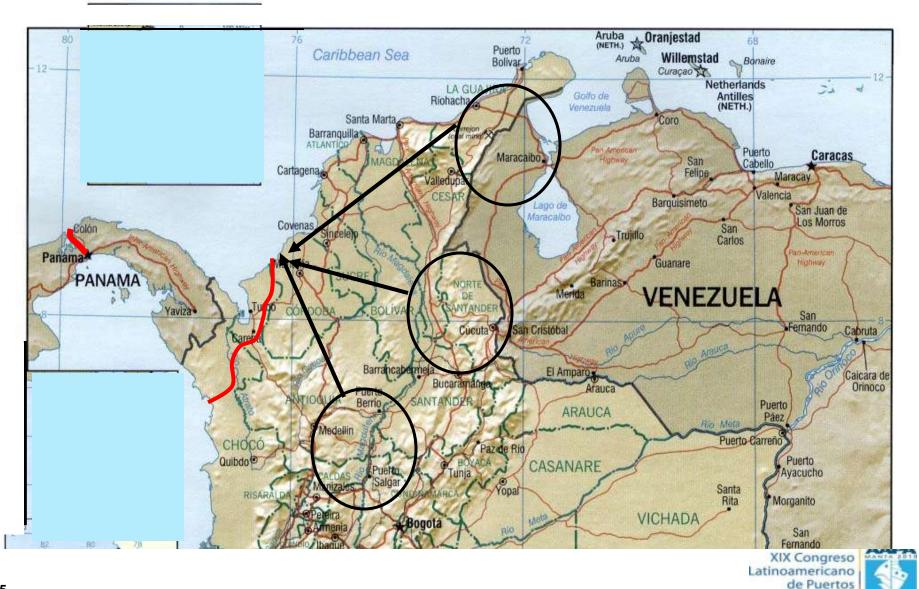
- > \$7.6 billion
- > A new city near Cartagena
- Chinese Development Bank
- Operator China Railway Group

Latinoamericano de Puertos

Length – 221km (shorter than Nica)



## There will have to be more inland infrastructure to connect the mines with the railway.





#### **Short Sea Shipping in MesoAmerica**

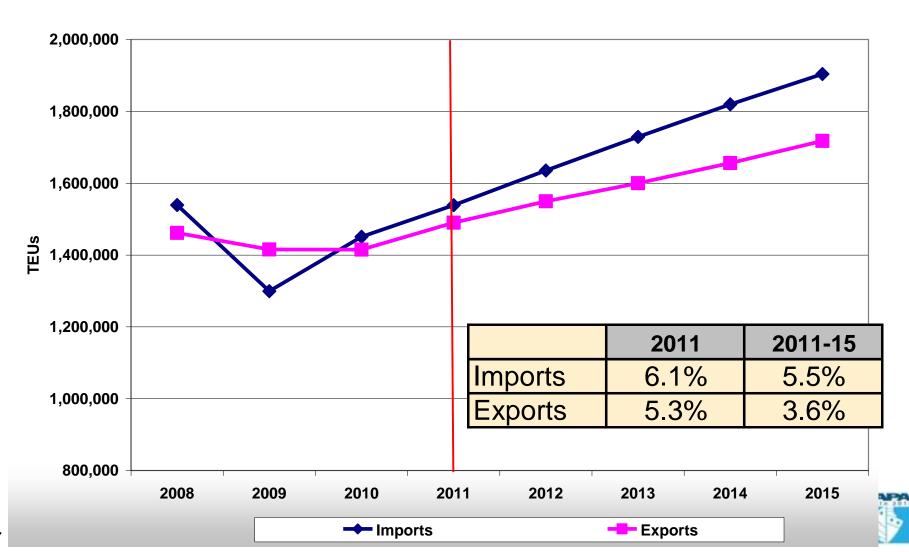
- WorleyParsons is a subcontractor to INECON (Santiago, Chile) to study:\*
  - The demand for "transporte maritimo de corta distancia"
  - Existing port infrastructure in the ports in the region
  - The optimal routes and ships to be developed
  - Streamlining the procedures: customs, port tariffs, etc. among the nine countries

\* Subject to successful contract negotiations



## WCSA container trade should be in line with world TEU growth

#### **WCSA Container Trade**





## Shifting trade patterns – Asia becomes #1 for WCSA

Partner share of total full TEUs		Share		
		2011	2015	2015 Vol
	Asia	25.3%	28.3%	1,025,213
	North America	30.0%	28.7%	1,040,069
	Latin America	18.4%	17.9%	646,899
	Europe	19.3%	18.3%	661,473
	Rest of World	4.2%	4.1%	147,534
	India	1.0%	1.1%	39,354
	Australia	0.4%	0.4%	13,178
	Middle East	0.7%	0.7%	24,777
	Africa	0.7%	0.6%	22,922
				3,621,420





#### New transpacific services to WCSA

- ► In May 2011, capacity on direct services Asia-WCSA jumped by 20%
- ► New: CSAV, CMA CGM, and CSCL
  - Replace 3 services 2500 4500 TEU
  - New: 4200 to 6500 TEU ships
- ► Maersk is re-activating its AC-3 service





#### Callao is halfway between Balboa and San Antonio

- Serves a large and growing domestic market
- Well-positioned to be the preferred transshipment hub on the WCSA

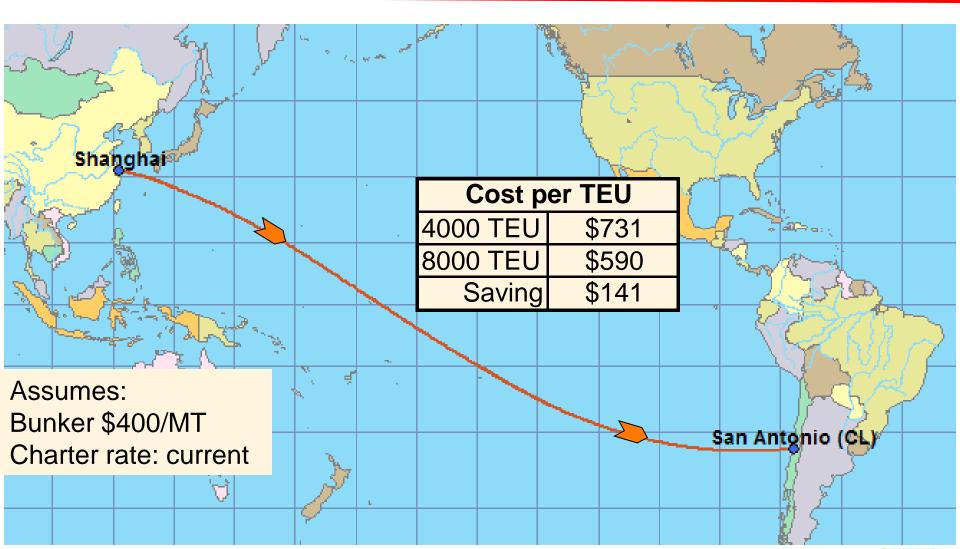






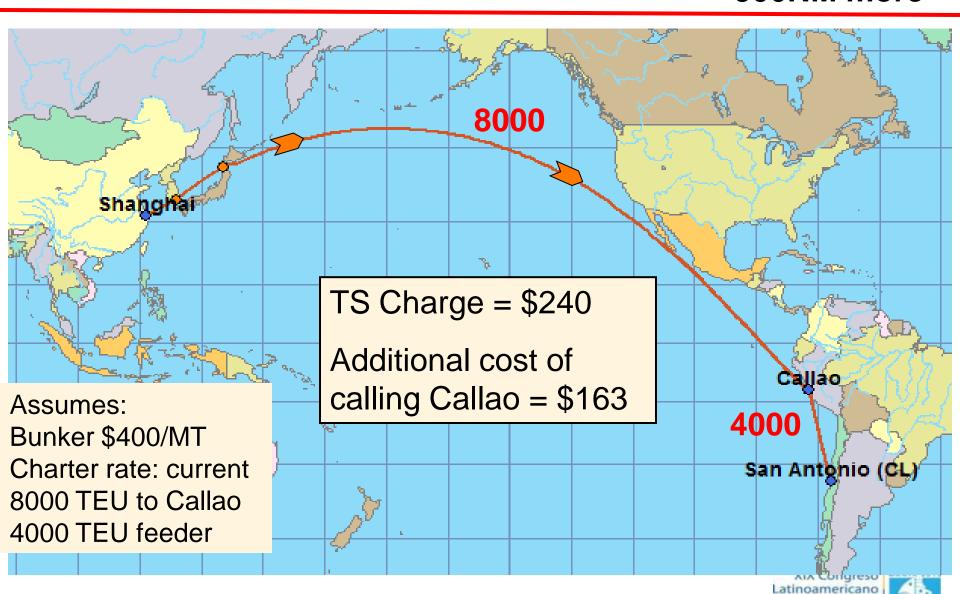


## 10,132 NM direct voyage Economies of scale from bigger ships



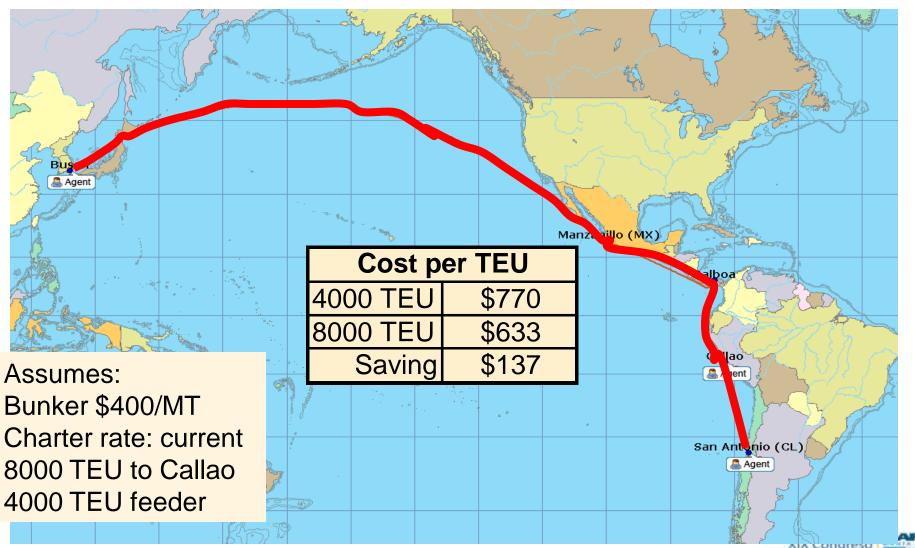


## A Transshipment call in Callao 500NM more





## Multiple calls adds 1,200 NM to the voyage = 11,327 NM





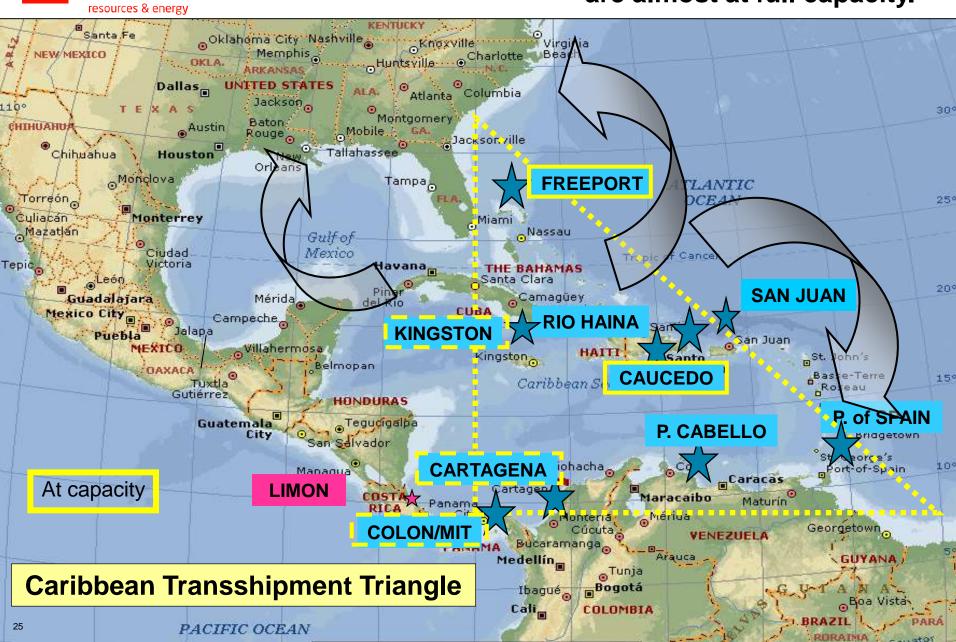
### Transshipping in Callao makes sense for a number of reasons

- Can load the ship in Asia with multi-destination cargo (improve utilization)
- Can attract cargo from Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Chile for the backhaul (improve utilization)
- Take advantage of the long-haul trans-pacific using large vessels (PPX).
- 4. An additional transshipment call in Panama provides a link to USEC and Europe markets.





Some of the Caribbean hubs are almost at full capacity.





## COMMUNICATE

Buy - Make - Ship - Sell

# COLLABORATE ORCHESTRATE







# Position and Consolidation of the WCSA Hub –

**Vision and Geostrategic** 



A Vision Without <u>Execution</u> is just a Hallucination!





Success!!

