

Global Finance Sources for Hemispheric Port Development

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Frequently asked questions on private source of funding

- How do we tap private capital for our project?
 - Confusion over the different types and flavors of private capital
 - Uncertainty over the criteria used by private capital for participating
- Why aren't we getting a response from the private equity markets to this offering?
 - Project seems like a win-win, but little or no response
 - Are we asking or expecting too much?

The usual port funding players



Larger role envisioned for private funding, but appetite will vary by project

Private equity Infrastructure funds, e.g., Macquarie, GS, MS, GIP, Alinda Strategic Hutchison, APMT, SSA and others operators Federal & Rated debt, grants municipal Multilateral IADB, IFC – equity & debt participation institutions

First, a few questions about the project A few simple ways to winnow down the field of options



Market profile

Project size

Governance & execution risks

- Location, location, location
- OECD or emerging market?
- Well-defined (discrete boundaries or commodities) or ambiguous?
- Monopoly or highly competitive

- Private capital comes in all sizes
- Debt required (rated or unrated)?
- Equity requirement?
- Length of concession and tenor debt

- Greenfield or brownfield?
- Government policies well defined?
- Level playing field for participants?
- Governance: role to be played by public after transaction: control position, regulatory, other?

Private equity partner recap



PE limping out of the recession and still locked into "low risk" OECD markets

Market risk profile

- Prefer OECD market exposure
- Monopoly or oligopoly market scenarios
- Require clear government policy direction
- Dislike emerging market and greenfield risk

Ticket sizes

- Size of the PE fund will dictate the size equity check it can write
- Smaller funds will need to club with others to write larger checks
- Availability of leverage will impact size
 - Less leverage = lower multiple

Preferred types of assets

- Want "day-1" cash flowing assets
- Dislike greenfield cannot value or manage greenfield risks
- Heavily constrained by the type of investors in their fund
- Want long-term assets but usually look to exit in 5-7 years

Return targets & expectations

- Inflation-adjusted returns sought
- Moderate return levels expected
- OECD markets typically provide lower returns, but stable policy and rule-based environment is attractive

Willingness to tackle complex projects and risks is usually limited

Strategic operator recap



Operators investing where returns are higher, but balance sheets vary widely

Market risk profile

- Tackle both OECD & emerging markets
- Gravitate toward high growth markets
- Need clear government policies, well defined areas of responsibility
- Avoid uneven investment playing fields

Preferred types of assets

- Brownfield and greenfield
- Long-term concessions or leases

Ticket sizes

- Ability to pay dictated by balance sheet and credit-worthiness (of company and project)
- Some operators have credit ratings, but <u>many do not</u> – this will affect debt and partnering equation
- Smaller operators may be unable to access capital markets directly

Return targets & expectations

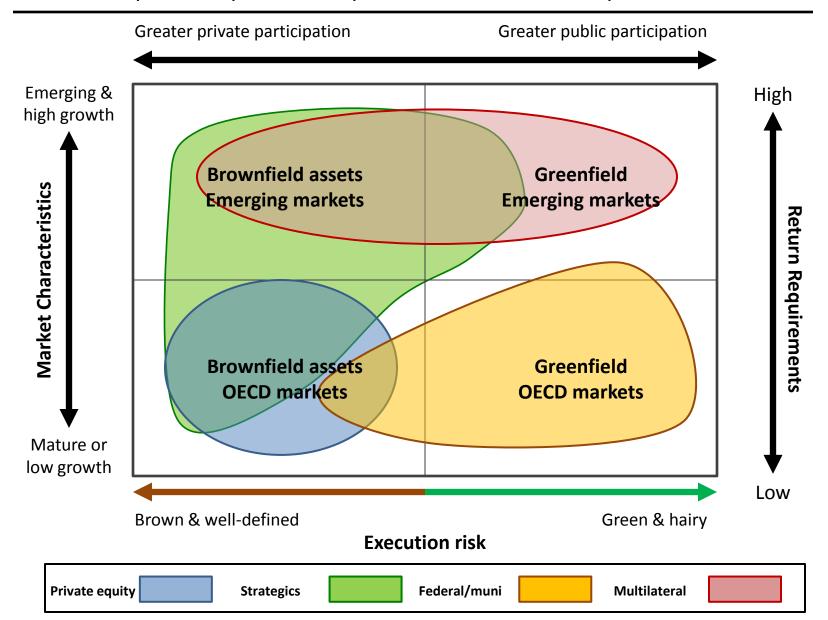
- Moderate returns expected over mid to long-term
- Gravitating to emerging markets where margins & returns are higher
- <u>US market</u> is highly competitive, low barriers to entry, lower margin, lower return

Strategics are familiar with sector risks; better able to evaluate & manage greenfield risks

Overlap of capital and roles



Private and public capital overlap, but each has its own preferences



Key takeaways



Know your project

- Project profile (market demand, cost, governance) will drive funding and financing requirements and they types of equity availability
- Ambiguity on any of these elements will shrink the field of interested players

Private equity

- Still largely locked into "low risk" OECD markets
- PE willingness to tackle complex projects and risks is usually limited

Strategic operators

- Investing where returns are higher (often in emerging markets), but ability to pay varies widely
- Better able to evaluate sector and project risk

Public stakeholders

 Better definition of roles, responsibilities, market demand, and support for project help private capital evaluate risk