



Panel III: Terminal Technology – Not Just for Containers anymore Technology in Container Handling – but more to come!

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Agenda

Introduction

History & State-of-the-Art in Container Handling Technology

Scope of Technology Application – Big Bang vs. incremental Path

Outlook

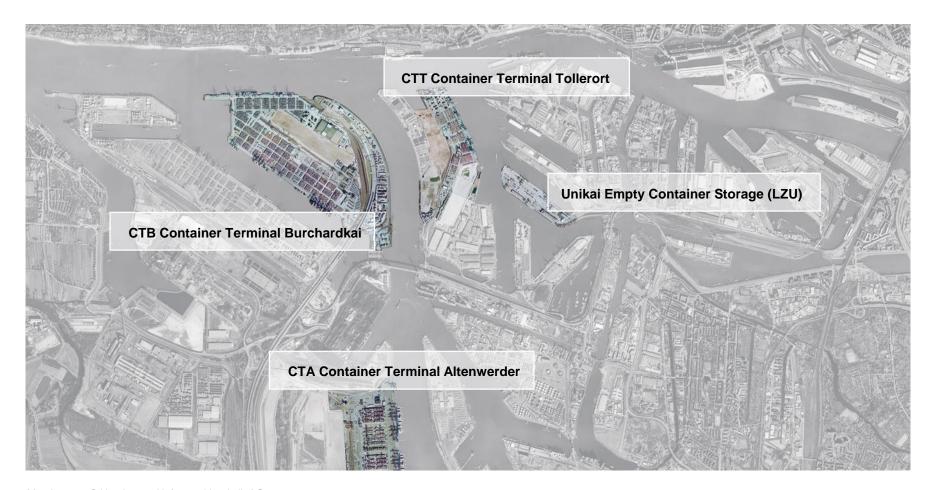


HPC Hamburg Port Consulting GmbH

- Founded in 1976 as subsidiary of HHLA Hamburger Hafen und Logistik AG
- Around 100 experts (incl. subsidiaries, w/o HPC Ukraina), annual turnover in 2012: approx. € 15.0 million
- Reputation as one of the world's leading consultants in the port sector
- Since 1976 port and transport-related projects in more than 100 countries, both in the private and public sector
- Approx. 1100 projects world-wide with extensive experience in container terminal planning
- Subsidiaries for port training & management (HPTI) and transport solutions (Uniconsult), HPC Ukraina as terminal operator in Odessa (Ukraine)



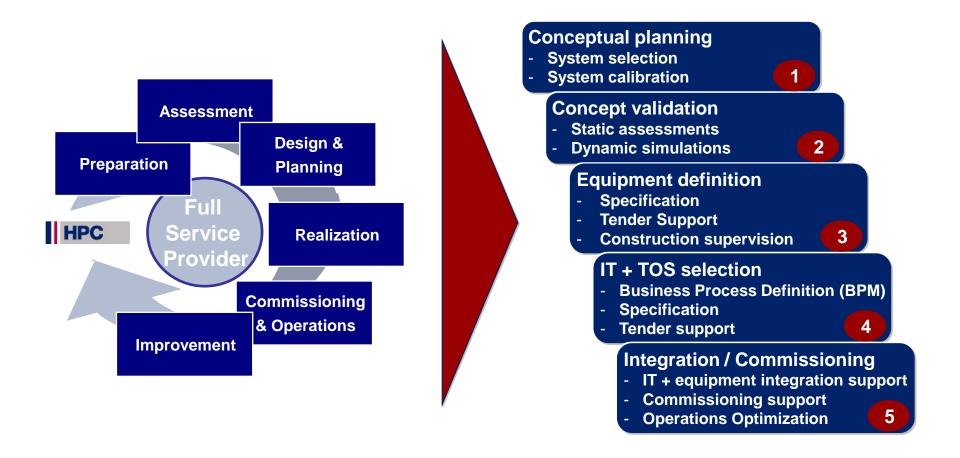
HHLA Container Terminals in Hamburg





HPC Services

Container Terminal Automation Planning





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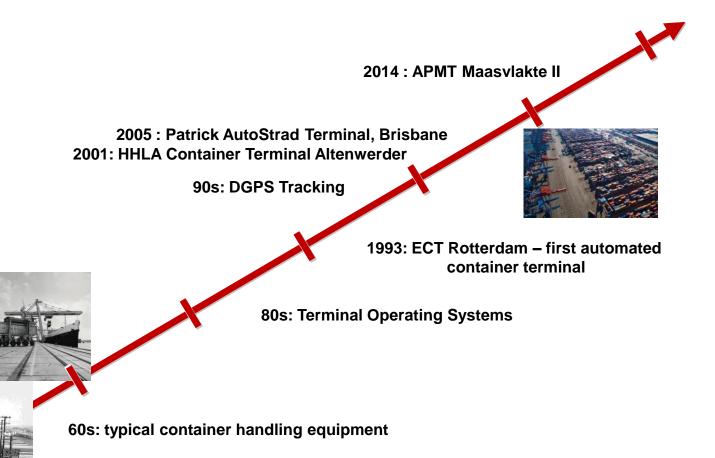
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History of Technology Development

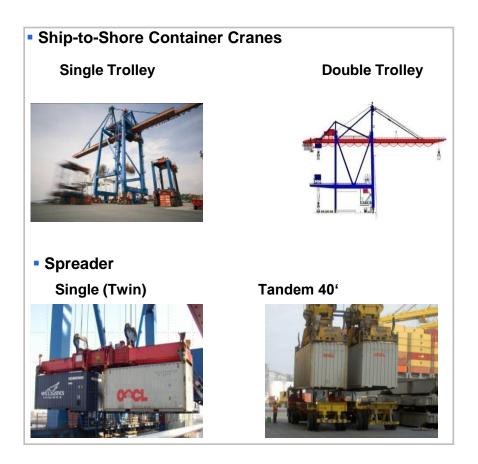
In Container Terminal Handling



50s/60s: Malcom McLean's idea and the twist-lock system



State-of-the-Art in Quayside Equipment



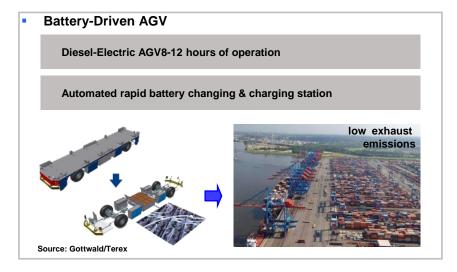


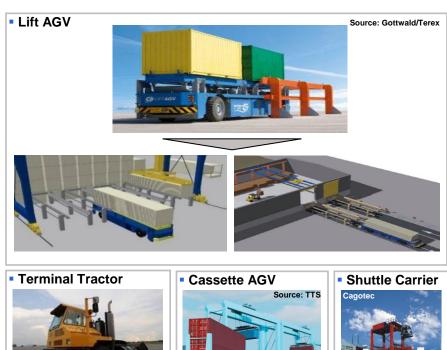
→ Quaside Technology has Potential to be improved



State-of-the-Art in Horizontal Transport

- End of the 1980s Introduction at ECT Delta Terminal Rotterdam
- 2005 Adoption of Diesel-Electric Drives
- 2007 Lift-AGV Concept (Decoupling)
- Since 2009 Battery AGV Test-Trial at CT Altenwerder Hamburg





→ To achieve higher Degree of Efficiency & Low Fuel Consumption in the Terminal



State-of-the-Art in Storage Yard Equipment

■ ASC — Automated Stacking Crane



→ High Performance, electrically Drives

Hybrid RTG with Ultracapacitor



→ Store & Re-use braking Energy

- E-RTG
- Cable Reel System



Conductor Bar System



→ Electrification avoids On-Site Pollution

→ Terminal "Electrification" requires Public Grid Capabilities!



CTA Hamburg – the last Milestone (2001)







- STS with double trolley and twin spreaders (manned main trolley and automated secondary trolley)
- Manual twist-lock handling
- Automated horizontal transport by means of regular AGVs (battery-driven AGVs were developed and tested to become industry-proven)
- Automated stacking yard system with Double-ASCs
- Remote-controlled truck handover
- Manual horizontal transport to rail ramp
- Manual/semi-automated rail crane operation
- Proprietary TOS
- → CTA had set the state for more than a decade of terminal development



APMT Maasvlakte II – the next Step (2014)



- STS with double 40/ twin 20 spreaders (remotecontrolled main trolley and automated secondary trolley)
- Twist-lock handling?
- Automated horizontal transport by means of batterydriven Lift-AGVs
- Automated stacking yard system with Twin-ASCs
- Truck handover?
- Automated horizontal transport to rail ramp
- Manual/semi-automated rail crane operation
- TOS yet to be developed
- → APMT Maasvlakte II is expected to set the new state by end of 2014



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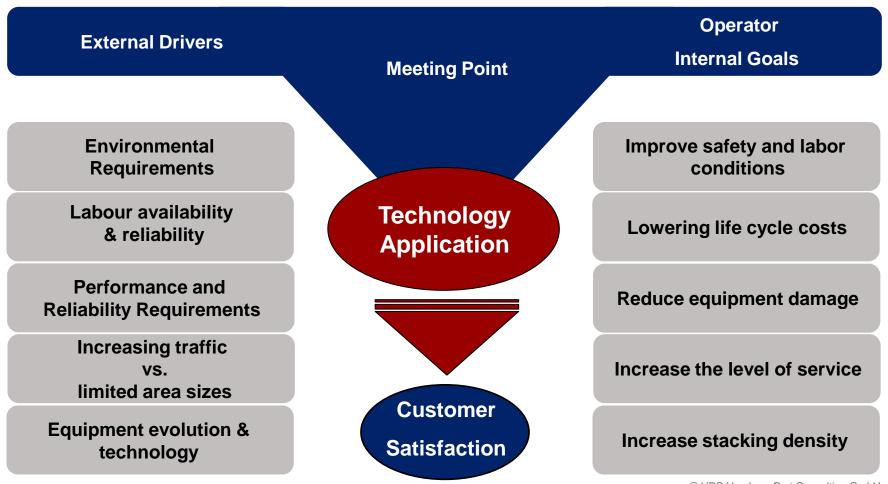
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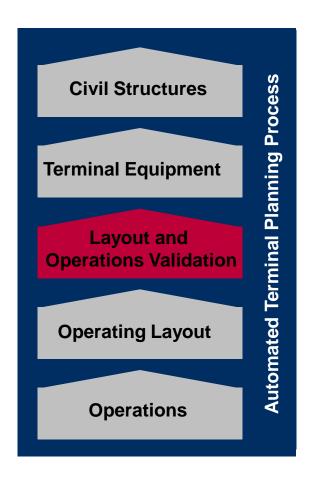


Technology Application Criteria





Technology changes Paradigms



From manual handling and decision making



To robotics and automated decisions



From freely adaptable



To fixed configurations

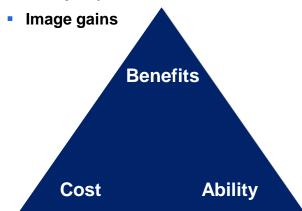


→ Automated Terminals are long term running Machines with inherent Processes!



Trade-offs in Technology Application

- Productivity and operating cost gains
- **Quality improvement**
- Process stabilisation and reliability
- Electrification and emission reduction
- Safety improvement



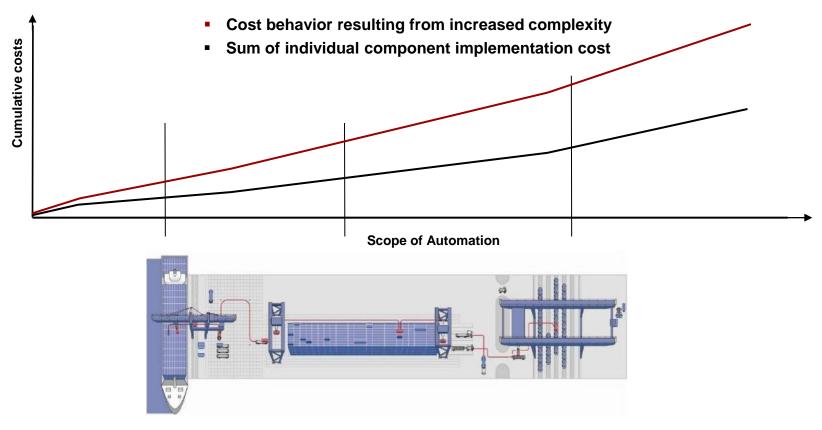
- Investment cost
- Training cost
- M&R cost
- Cost of operations breakdown
- Opportunity cost for reduced flexibility

- TOS capabilities
- Ability to integrate
- **Complexity management**
- Usability
- Safety and regulatory frameworks

→ System Decisions Trade-Offs determine long term Capacity, Performance and Cost



Complexity of Technology Implementation



- → Complexity is THE automation cost driver
- → Bing Bang solution require very professional management!



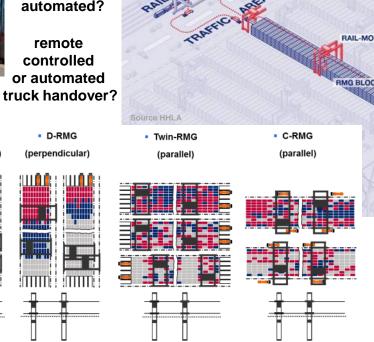
General Approach

Aspects to be considered

Twin-RMG

(perpendicular)

connection to rail terminal also



TRANSTAINER CRANE



semi-automated main trolley?

single vs. twin 20? single vs. double 40?

single trolley vs. double trolley?

back reach handling vs. portal served?

→ All System Component Capacities must be balanced

→All System Decisions determine a long term, difficult-to-change Investment



Big Bang vs. Incremental Approach

Greenfield Project



- Political framework conditions and set timelines
- Commercial performance expectations
- **Cost structures of competing players**
- Volume and complexity challenges
 - → Application of State-of-the-Art **Technology is Survival Decision**

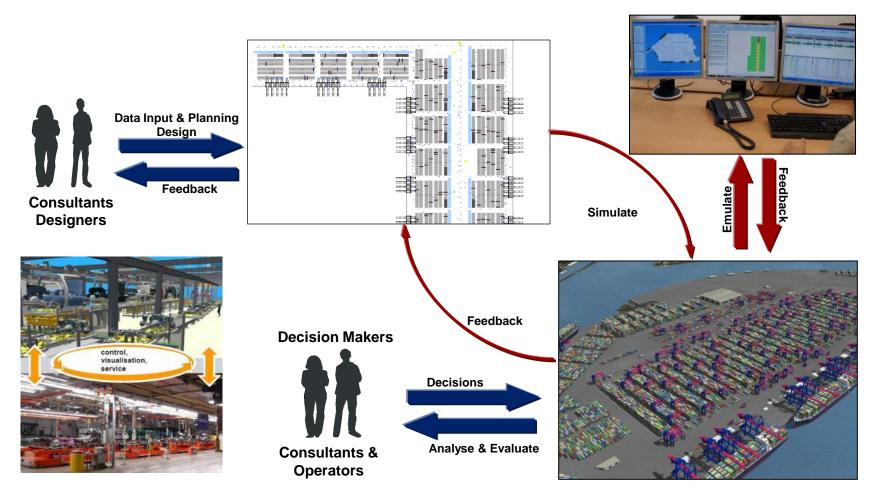
Conversion Project



- Scope of technology application and resulting process changes
- Adequate sequencing of conversion steps
- Proper phasing of conversion of capacities
- Acceptance within existing labour organisation
- → Application of State-of-the-Art Technology incrementally or evolutionally
- → Initial Situation determines Degree of Freedom in Design



Required Resources



→ Technology Application requires experienced Professionals



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Off-the-Shelf "Integrated Solutions"?

Off-the-Shelf/ Integrated

VS.

- Reduced complexity
- **Faster implementation**
- Responsibility/liability can be passed over to suppliers
- **Integration MAY BE less costly** and faster

Taylor Made/ Customer-driven

- If done right, terminal remains adaptable to market changes
- Due to higher involvement of operator, resources for continuous optimization are available inhouse
- Options remain with terminal operator to create a competitive advantage
- → Every Terminal is a unique Terminal and requires a specific Solution!
- → Integrated Offers are not necessarily creating synergies at the customer but for sure at the supplier site



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