



# Enterprise Asset Management Initiative

**2013 AAPA Facilities Engineering Seminar**  
**November 8, 2013**

# 2012 Cargo Activity



**Breakbulk = 259,915 Short Tons  
(+68.4%)**



**Rail Lifts = 439,760 (+29.7%)**

**Total Tonnage =  
18,534,288 ST (+3.7%)**



**Containers = 1,711,134 TEUs  
(+15.9%)**



**Autos = 148,239 Units (-8.7%)**



**Logs = 66,405,210 Board Feet  
(-36.0%)**



**Grain = 4,804,265 Short Tons  
(-19.0%)**







***Year 1: 2012***

***...an Asset Management Pilot Program***

# Project Initiation



1. Internal interviews
2. Initial 'all-hands' briefings; regular updates
3. Written Project Plan
4. Consultant scope of work and selection
5. Resource recruitment
  - a) Working Group
  - b) Executive Steering Committee
6. Selection of short-term wins
7. Long-term commitment

# Basic Message



*“The Port recognizes it must monitor the condition of its assets, know where to reinvest for the greatest good and improve its understanding and control of asset life cycle costs.”*

# Initial Approach



Pilot an asset management program, in part, through creation of an 'escrow' database, without changing:

1. Our systems; or,
2. How we do our business

So that we can '*learn by doing*' and adapt.



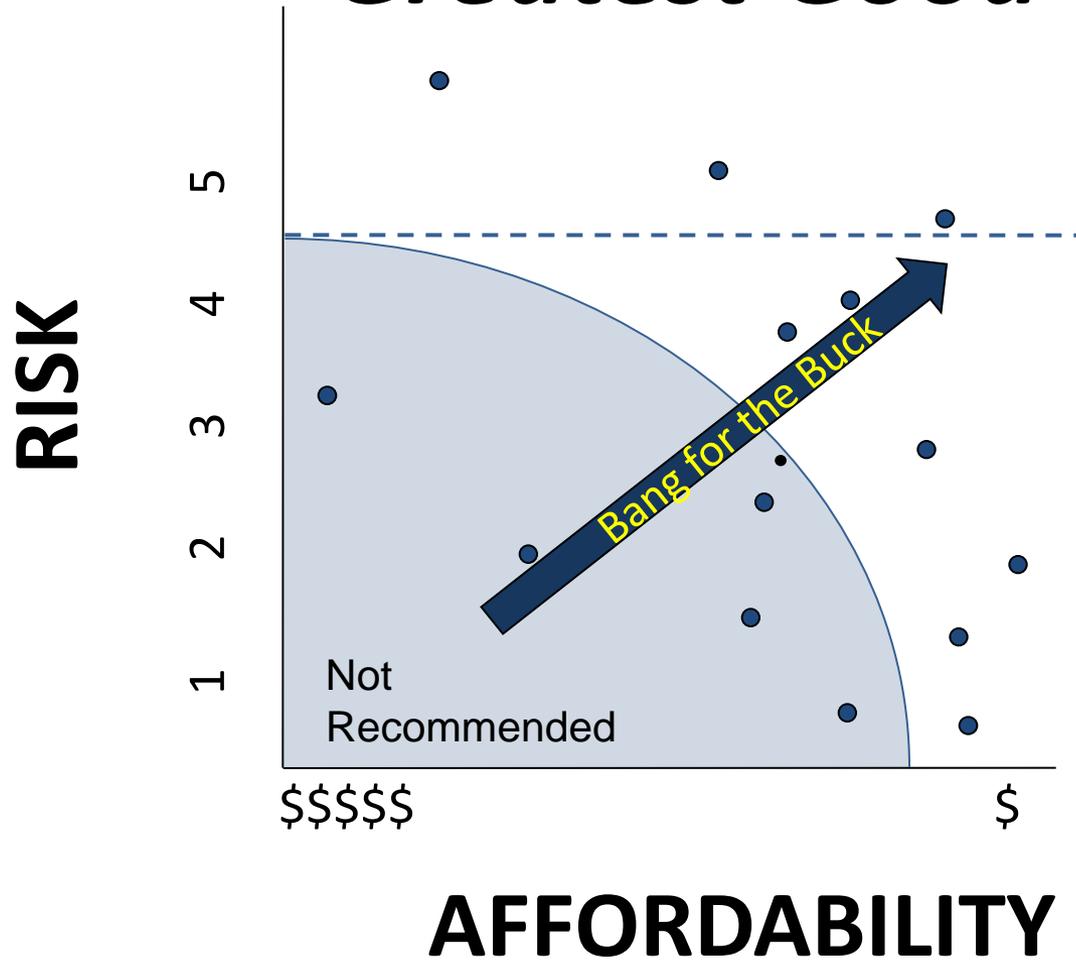
Lincoln Ave

# Criteria Development



1. Create an objective, standardized, credible, repeatable process to guide our decision-making relative to asset reinvestments.
2. Provide organizational focus and alignment - - on problems, not projects.
3. Subject to change.

# *Know where to Reinvest for the Greatest Good*



# Building Roofs

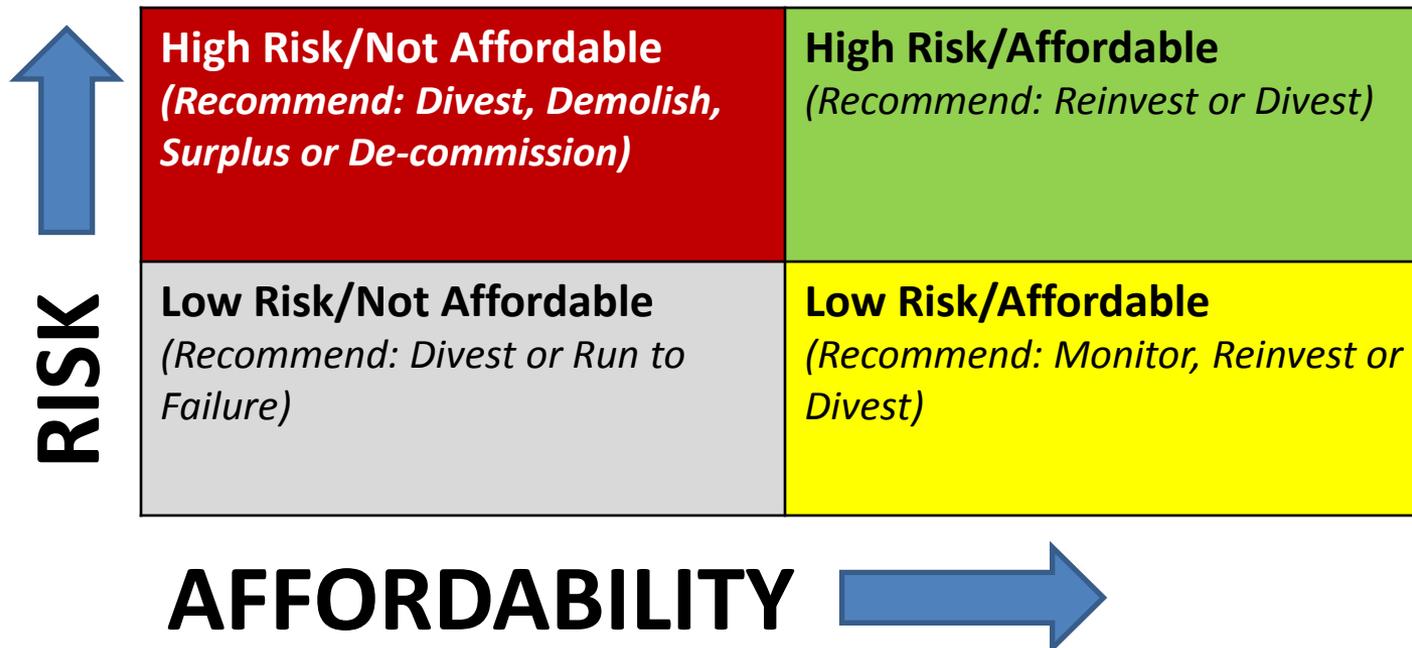


1. Reviewed available data on 244 buildings and structures.
2. Conducted field evaluations on 85 building roofs; assigned “Risk Ratings” to 76.
3. Developed roof repair cost estimates on 41 buildings.
4. Matched to available revenue data to develop prioritized list.

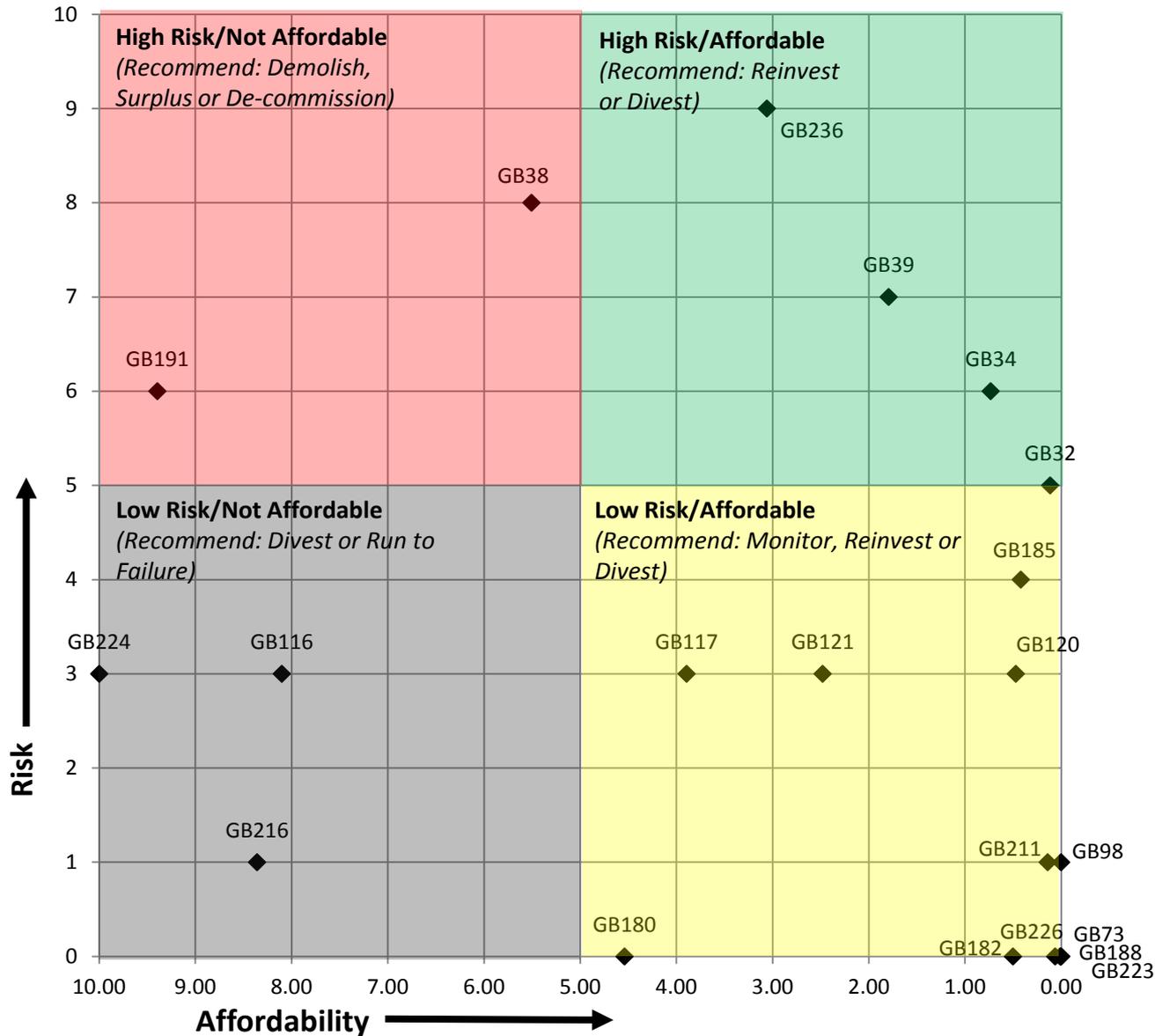
# Array of Actions



Array our assets as points in a graphic (as follows), prioritize based on *distance from the point of origin* and categorize recommended actions (as drafted below).

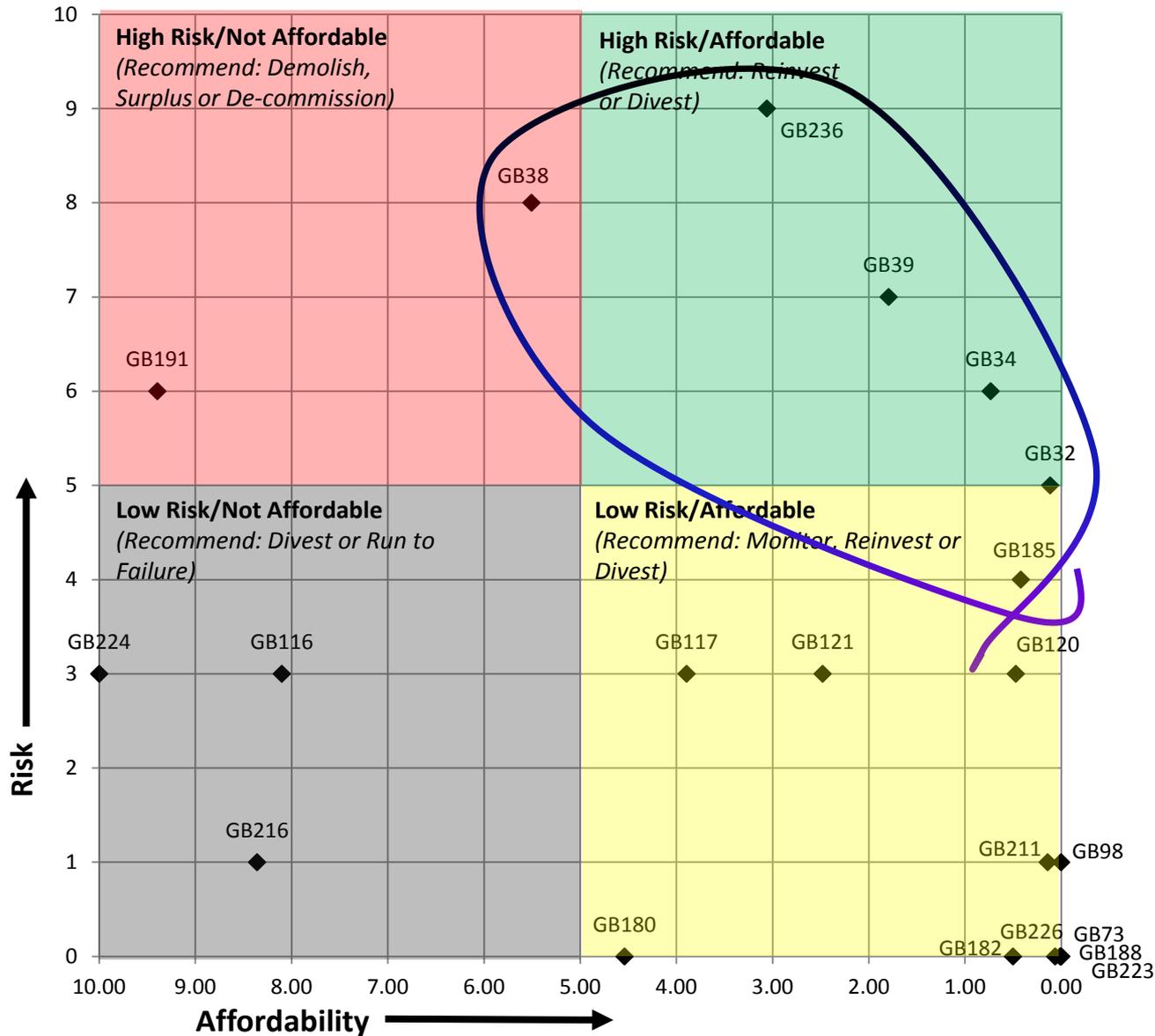


# Summed Risk vs. Cost/Revenue



Projects valued at less than \$50,000 are not shown.

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# Initial Lessons Learned



- 1) Create market demand; stay on message
- 2) Avoid becoming the “Asset Tzar”
- 3) Co-author a Project Plan
- 4) Create a repeatable decision-making process based on objective data and agreed criteria
- 5) Recognize the Asset Manager only manages one type of asset

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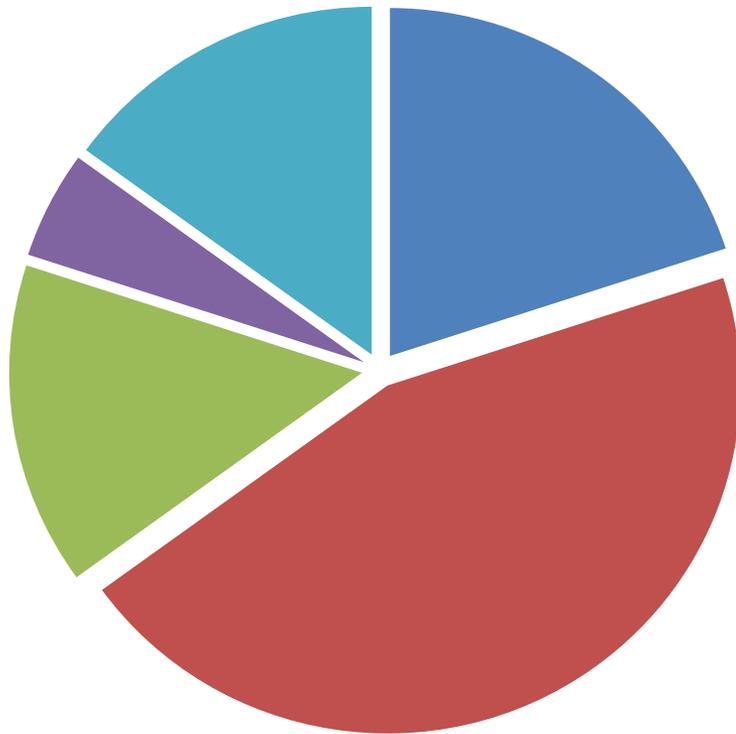
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# Initial Lessons Learned



- 6) Expect defensiveness
- 7) Secure early wins - - even at the expense of the long-term project schedule
- 8) Language barriers exist. Write the new lexicon for the organization
- 9) Secure a high-profile executive sponsor;  
Stay visible
- 10) Don't go alone. Secure technical expertise

# Initial Project Costs



- Project Management
- Pier and Wharf FCAs
- Database Development
- Cost Estimating
- Building Assessment/Data Pilot

Five (5) Year Program Budget: \$3,475,000  
Year 1 Expenditures: \$970,000



# *Year 2: 2013*

*...Standards Definition and Adoption*

# Current Work



1. Completing identified reinvestment projects (based on 2012 Pilot)
2. Adopting Classification and Data Standards
3. Deploying a '*Proof of Concept*'

Program Development (Year 2) Expenditures: \$197,941

# Identified Investments



	2013	2014	2015	Total #	3-Year Budget
<b>Building Roofs</b>	7	4	0	11	\$6,828,000
<b>Demolitions</b>	0	4	0	4	1,250,000
<b>Piers and Fenders</b>	3	2	3	8	8,715,000
<b>Strad Replacements</b>	5	0	4	9	9,800,000
<b>Auto Replacements</b>	5	5	5	15	600,000
<b>Planned Asset Reinvestment Totals:</b>					<b>\$27,193,000</b>

# Asset Data Standards



Allow for:

1. Levels of Information
2. Translation
3. Transformation
4. Evaluation
5. Predictability/Portability

And, promote Cost Savings

# Classification Comparisons



**MasterFormat**® is perhaps the most widely used standard for classifying construction information, used by designers and constructors to break down a facility into components for construction processes and cost estimations.

**Uniformat**™ arranges construction information based on functional elements, or parts of a facility characterized by their functions, without regard to the materials and methods used to accomplish them. This makes it ideal for facilities management.

**OmniClass** is a consolidation of multiple facility management classification methods (Including MasterFormat and Uniformat), normalizing and categorizing detailed attributes/properties and processes developed to support the National BIM Standard.

# OmniClass Example



## Cold-storage Warehouse

Category Code 431-10



### OmniClass

- 21-02 00 00 Shell
  - 21-02 20 00 Exterior Enclosure
    - 21-02 20 10 Exterior Walls
    - 21-02 20 20 Exterior Windows
  - 21-02 30 00 Roof
    - 21-02 30 10 Roof Covering
    - 21-02 30 20 Roof Opening

# Terminal Entities



Building	BUILDING #1, GUARD SHACK (NORTH ENTRANCE), TOTE		Site Finishes	FENCE
	BUILDING #2, LANE 4 BOOTH, TOTE			TRAFFIC BARRIER SYSTEM
	BUILDING #3, DRIVER SERVICE BUILDING, TOTE			SHORELINE, MANAGED
	BUILDING #5, RELOC SHOP, TOTE			SITE SIGNAGE
	BUILDING #6, VESSEL STORES, TOTE			ENTRY CONTROL
	BUILDING #8, VEHICLES PROCESSING, TOTE		Utilities and Infrastructure	ELECTRICAL SYSTEM
	BUILDING #12, GUARD SHACK (SOUTH ENTRANCE), TOTE			NATURAL GAS/PROPANE SYSTEM
	BUILDING, INBOUND CANOPY LANES 4-5, TOTE			POTABLE WATER SYSTEM
	BUILDING, INBOUND CANOPY LANES 1-3, TOTE			STORMWATER SYSTEM
	BUILDING #4, TOTE ADMIN, TOTE			SEWER SYSTEM (Should include Oil water separators)
	BUILDING #9, MAINTENANCE BUILDING, TOTE			FIBER OPTICS/COMMUNICATION SYSTEM
	BUILDING #7, TOTE TOWER, TOTE			FIRE SUPPRESSION SYSTEM
	BUILDING #11, Dry Out Shed, TOTE			REEFER ELECTRICAL POWER
	BUILDING #10, MARINE WAREHOUSE			FIXED COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEM
BUILDING, FIRE SPRINKLER HOUSE				
Structure	BUILDING, OUTBOARD SCALE, TOTE		Water-Related Construction	MOORAGE AREA
	UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS			MANAGED WATERWAY
	PIER BLADDER, (North), TOTE (Assume Tank-type item)			NAVIGATIONAL AIDS
	PIER BLADDER, (South), TOTE (Assume Tank-type item)			CAPSTANS
Linear Form	TEMPORARY OFF-DECK STORAGE AREA PAVEMENT			NORTH BERTH PIER
	CONTAINER YARD PAVEMENT			NORTH FORWARD PIER
	DRIVING LANES PAVEMENT			SOUTH FORWARD PIER
	STAGING AREA PAVEMENT			MIDSHIP PIER
	PLANTING, GROUNDS AND LANDSCAPING			AFT PIER
	WASH PAD PAVEMENT			DOLPHINS, PIER
Land	TOTE EXPANSION AREA, LAND		Facility Services	YARD LIGHTING
	SUBMERGED LANDS			SECURITY CAMERA SYSTEM
Environmental	CONTAMINATED LAND			
	ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING WELLS			

# Future Work



1. Fully deploy standards
2. Implement new processes
3. Improve data access
4. Identify the Systems of Record and dismantle the Escrow Database
5. Revisit and improve analysis tools
6. Expand our condition assessments

# Basic Message



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# Lou Paulsen

Director, Strategic Operations Projects and Risk Management

[lpaulsen@portoftacoma.com](mailto:lpaulsen@portoftacoma.com)

# Rick Unruh, P.E.

Project Manager II

[runruh@portoftacoma.com](mailto:runruh@portoftacoma.com)

