

# Cybersecurity and the Marine Transportation System

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### **Convergence of Opportunities and Vulnerabilities**



### The Evolving Threat...Call to Action



"Cybersecurity is one of the most serious economic and national security challenges we face as a nation..."

- President Obama, February 2013



"All sectors of our country are at risk...the seriousness and the diversity of the threats that this country faces in the cyber domain are increasing on a daily basis."

- DNI Director Clapper, March 2013



"Cybersecurity is a matter of homeland security...we are all connected online and a vulnerability in one place can cause a problem in many other places...cybersecurity is one of our most important missions."

- Secretary Johnson, April 2014



"Cyber affects the full spectrum of Coast Guard operations...it cuts across every aspect of the Coast Guard. We all have a role in cybersecurity and protection of our networks, and we must treat them like the mission-critical assets that they are."

- Admiral Zukunft, September 2014



### **Maritime Critical Infrastructure**

The Coast Guard is the Sector Specific Agency (SSA) for the Maritime component of the Transportation Sector

- 1 of the 16 Critical Sectors
- Collaboration with our partners in TSA and DOT
- Protect maritime sector from all threats (physical, personnel, and cyber)



### NIPP 2013

Partnering for Critical Infrastructure Security and Resilience

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## Why the Maritime is Important

- 95% of all U.S. overseas trade through 360 ports
- \$1.3 trillion in cargo annually



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- 7,000 oceangoing vessels made 55,560 port calls annually
- Secure ports support Homeland Security and National Defense Ops



### **Intermodal Touch-points**



### Maritime Disruptions on MTS have proven costly

- These incidents reflect cost of a maritime disruptions.
- These may not have been caused by a cyber-based failure, cyber incidents can have similar or greater consequences

1989: Exxon Valdez, \$7+ billion dollars
2002: West Coast port shutdown, \$11 billion dollars
2007: I-35W bridge collapse, \$300 million dollars
2010: Deepwater Horizon, \$37+ billion dollars
2013: USS Guardian, \$300 million dollars











## **Ships Then**







## **Ships Now**

DAR7

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## **Cargo Operations Then**



### **Cargo Operations Now**

Cargo handling equipment at the port/railway interface Commercial Long-Haul Trucks Port Security and Access Controls (physical, CCTV, gates, TWIC, ID cards)

> Automated cargo handling equipment, vehicles and similar conveyances

Shore-based systems that directly support safe vessel operation and navigation:

- GPS
- Lock operation

Container

Cranes (or liquid

cargo handling systems at oil, chemical and LNG terminals) at vessel/port interface

- Communications
- Maintenance and management

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- Systems aboard USCG vessels, tugs, fire boats, port police
- Pollution response systems

Automated Cargo Container Tracking Systems

Terminal Operating Center (financial, communications, customs, security and other back office functions)





### **Types of Cyber Threats We are Facing**

- Hackers/Intrusion
   Sets
- Phishing
- Social Engineering
   or Elicitation
- Malicious Code
- Watering Holes
- DDoS/SQL Injections
- Ransomware





### **Threat Actors**







### **Hackers Used to Facilitate Drug Smuggling**

By breaking into the offices of a harbor company, the criminals could install key-loggers to take control of computers





Computers of container terminal were hacked so the containers that contained drugs could be monitored



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### MODUS OPERANDI

1044 kilos cocaine/1099 kilos heroin

By means of false papers and a hacked pin code, the drivers were able to pick up the container at a location and time of their choosing



## **ECDIS Vulnerabilities**

Electronic Chart Display and Information System (ECDIS)

- Computer system usually installed on the bridge of a ship used for navigation
- Interconnected with numerous shipboard systems and sensors (AIS, NAVTEX, Speed Log, fathometer)
- Chart updates loaded via internet or CD/USB
- Penetration Testers found numerous security weaknesses including; ability to read, download, replace, or delete any file stored on the host server
- System could be penetrated directly or via one of the other systems linked to ECDIS











## Cyber Attack – Cargo Data

### What happened?

- Targeted attack against Iranian Shipping Line (IRISL)
- Damaged all date related to shipping rates, loading, cargo number, date and location
- Loss of company's internal communications network
- Significant disruptions in operations, severe financial losses

Source: CyberKeel 15 October 2014









### **Insider Threat – Malware via USB Device**

### What happened?

- Targeted attack against refinery
- Disgruntled employee loaded malware on company computers
- Impact to business systems
- Remediation required 3<sup>rd</sup> party assistance







## **Oil Rig Stability**

### What happened?

- Attacker managed to tilt floating oil rig off the coast of Africa
- Facility forced to shut down
- One week to identify cause and mitigate effects

Source: Reuters 23 April 2014







### **GPS** Anomaly – Impact to facility operations

### What happened?

- GPS disruption lasting for over 7 hours
- Disruption caused two ship to shore cranes to cease operations due to lack of position data
- Operation of two additional cranes degraded







## WiFi Devices on Foreign Flagged Ships

Powerful WiFi devices detected on foreign flag ships

- Many antennas have a range of several miles
- Several antennas connected to computers running "password cracking" software





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### **Industrial Control Systems (ICS)**

### BlackEnergy

- Sophisticated campaign
- Ongoing since at least 2011
  - Highly modular
  - Targets human-machine interfaces (HMI)
- Modules search out networkconnected file shares and removable media for lateral movement

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### Havex

- Remote Access Trojan
- Multiple infection vectors (phishing, website redirects, watering hole attacks on ICS vendor websites)
  - Targeted energy and oil sectors
  - ICS/SCADA scanning









### FY-2014 ICS Incidents by Sector: Total 245



### **FY-2014 ICS Incident Threat Actors**





### **Types and Impacts of Exploiting ICS**

- Direct physical damage to affected equipment and systems...
  - by exploiting an ICS, the controlled mechanism can fail with catastrophic results, damaging a single piece of equipment, interrupting a larger system, or disabling or destroying an entire ship.
- Small-scale, local disruptions...
  - which damage or interrupt individual systems or single ships within a single organization, without widespread impact beyond the affected function or service.
- Injury or death to operators, passengers or the general public.
  - An incident can affect an single operator or a larger number of crewmembers or bystanders. Targeted attacks on a safety-critical safety can result in a fire or explosion that injures or kills hundreds.
- Catastrophic disruptions to the transportation system.
  - A vessel sunk in a shipping channel, an explosion at an oil or LNG facility, sabotage to canal locks, or a series of mishaps involving cargo container cranes in critical ports can have long-term impacts to the safety, stability and reliability of elements of the transportation system.





Volpe, 2013

### **GPS Jamming and Personal Privacy Devices**

- Increased use of Personal Privacy Devices (PPDs) to mask user position from GPS-based tracking systems
  - Employee tracking (Commercial Trucking Sector)
  - Personal tracking
  - Rental cars
  - Prisoners ankle bracelet
  - Stolen Vehicles cars/trucks
  - Cell phones / Drug dealers
- Growing market for low-cost GPS jammers
  - Many devices are battery-operated or can into a cigarette lighter
- Examples: gpsjammers.net, jammer-store.com, chinavision.com, others
  - Manufactured in China and Europe



Volpe, 2013



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### **GPS** Spoofing

- University of Texas at Austin "Proof of Concept"
- Attacker transmitted spoofed GPS signal
- Signal overrode civilian GPS

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- Obtained control over primary/back-up GPS (no alarms on radar, gyro, or compasses)
- "Attacker" gained navigational control of ship and redirected course



**Growing Concern Over GPS Spoofing** GPS Flaw Exposes Ships to Terrorists







## Final Thought...Saudi Aramco

- National oil company of Saudi Arabia
- One of the largest producers of oil in the world
- Targeted cyber attack
- Data destroying malware
- 30,000 computers turned into paperweights

What would your organization do if all of your company's computers stopped working?









# ACT Achieving Cybersecurity Together

# "It's our Shared Responsibility".

